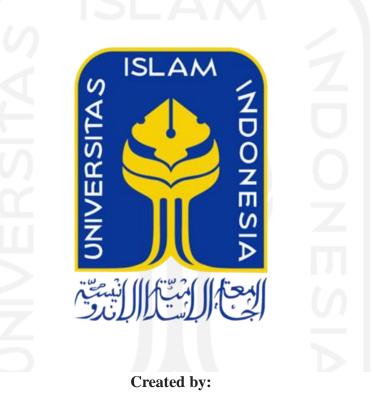
AN OBSERVATIONAL STUDY OF CLASSROOM DISCOURSE DURING ONLINE LITERATURE CIRCLES

A Thesis

Presented to Department of English Language Education as Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements to Obtain the *Sarjana Pendidikan* Degree in English Language Education



Created by: Astri Aprillia 18322092

DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE EDUCATION

FACULTY OF PSYCHOLOGY AND SOCIO-CULTURAL SCIENCES

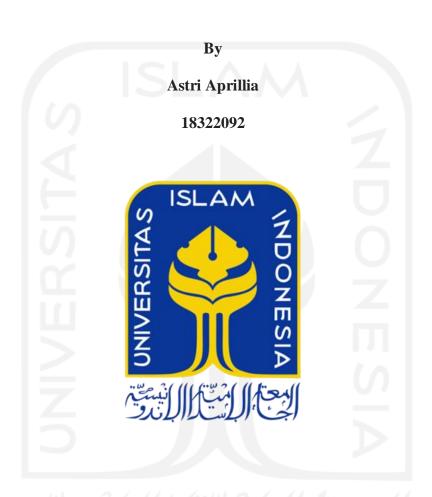
ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF INDONESIA

YOGYAKARTA

2022

APPROVAL SHEET

AN OBSERVATIONAL STUDY OF CLASSROOM DISCOURSE DURING ONLINE LITERATURE CIRCLES



Approved on 02nd June, 2022

By

Supervisor:

Intan Pradita, S.S, M.Hum

NIP: 123220403

RATIFICATION SHEET

AN OBSERVATIONAL STUDY OF ONLINE LITERATURE CIRCLES DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

By

Astri Aprillia

18322092

Defended before the Head of Examiners on Friday, 17th June 2022, and

Declared Acceptable.

Board of Examiners

Chairperson: Intan Pradita, S.S., M.Hum

First Examiner : Nizamuddin Sadiq, S.Pd., M.Hum., Ph.D

Second Examiner: Irma Windy Astuti, S.S., M.Hum

Yogyakarta, June 20, 2022

Department of English Language Education

Faculty of Psychology and Socio-Cultural Sciences

Universitas Islam Indonesia

Department

Irvia Windy Astuti, S.S., M.Hum.

NIP. 062216005

STATEMENT OF WORK'S ORIGINALITY



MOTTO

Never underestimate the power of your psyche,

Because what you believe becomes reality.



DEDICATION

This thesis is dedicated to Allah SWT, who gives me health and time to finish this manuscript quickly, to myself who always keep fighting during I did my thesis with so many ups and downs to finish this thesis. Then, my parents and families, who keep helping me with various things, supporting me, and praying. Proud me, the obstacles have been passed great!



ACKNOWLEDGMENT

All praise to Allah Subhanahu Wata'ala with the most merciful, and Shalawat to our prophet Muhammad Shalallahu 'Alaihi Wassallam. Alhamdulillah, the writer can complete this thesis with the title An Observational Study of Classroom Discourse During Online Literature Circles in fulling the requirement to complete my study as a bachelor degree in English Language Education Department in the Faculty of Psychology and Sociocultural Science of Islamic University of Indonesia. Therefore, I would like to thank my all-genuine support system. The utterances of gratitude send for:

- 1. My parents, H. Ade Sunarya S.P. and Hj. Suhayati always give me advice and support; they never stopped praying to me. How much I love them.
- 2. My supervisor, Mrs. Intan Pradita, S.S, M.Hum for the kindness and the patience in guided me until this thesis has finished.
- 3. My sister Ani who always encourages me to study well, and my old brother Ady, who provides support through delicious food and drinks, which make my day eager to learn.
- 4. My entire lecturer in English Language Education Department for all the knowledge that have given to me.
- 5. My lovely friends, Alfa Lisa, Annisa Salmitha, Indah Paranita, and Royyani Fajriyah, who always listen to my stories and helped me with anything. Thank you for always accompanying me and struggling together.
- 6. Someone who always there, makes my day easier and happier.
- 7. All important person that I cannot mention one by one thank you for always support, remind, help and pray for me to finish this thesis.
- 8. The committees and organizations that I was been there helped me grow and taught me many things during my study.

The researcher knows that this research is far from perfection, but hopefully, this can be useful for the reader.

Yogyakarta, June 2, 2022

The researcher,

Astri Aprillia

Table of Contents

APPROVAL SHEET	i
RATIFICATION SHEET	ii
STATEMENT OF WORK'S ORIGINALITY	iii
MOTTO	iv
DEDICATION	v
ACKNOWLEDGMENT	vi
ABSTRACT	
CHAPTER 1	
INTRODUCTION	1
A. Background of the study	1
A. Formulation of the problem	2
B. Objectives of study	
C. Significances of the study	3
CHAPTER II	
LITERATURE REVIEW	4
A. Conceptual review of online literature circle	4
B. Empirical review on online literature circle at university level	5
C. Theoretical Framework	
CHAPTER III	9
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	9
3.1 Research Design	
3.2 Setting and Participants	9
3.3 Online Literature Circles Activity	9
3.4 Data Collection and Research Instrument	10
Table 1. Definition of online literature circle roles by Daniels (2002)	10
Tabel 2. Codes and Definitions of Interaction (Anderson 2001; Guiller, Dur 2007)	
3.5 Data Analysis	13
3.6 Data Trustworthiness	14
CHAPTER IV	15
FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION	15
4.1 FINDINGS	15
Table 3. Data Observation Result of Online Literature Circle	16

4.1.1. The Interactions of the Story Reader	17
4.1.2. The Interactions of Summarizer	17
4.1.3. The Interactions of Vocabulary Enhancer	18
4.1.4 The Interaction of Infographic Maker	18
4.2. DISCUSSION	19
4.2.1. The Engagement during Online Literature Circle	19
CHAPTER V	21
CONCLUSION	21
REFERENCES	22
APPENDICES	24
Appendix 1. Permit Letter	24
Appendix 1.1. Permit Letter	24
Appendix 2. Online Literature Circles	25
Appendix 2.1 Online Literature Circles (Zoom)	25
Appendix 3. Sample of students' infographic	
Appendix 3.1 Sample of students' infographic	26
Appendix 4. Data Transcript and Data Coding	27
Appendix 4. 1 Data Transcript and Data Coding	27

AN OBSERVATIONAL STUDY OF CLASSROOM DISCOURSE DURING ONLINE LITERATURE CIRCLES

Astri Aprillia

18322092

ABSTRACT

This research aimed to describe the interactions of online literature circles with EFL university students. The participants in this research were the students from critical reading and literacy class in one of the Islamic universities in Yogyakarta. The data collected through the classroom observational method, which the transcription data obtained from the discussion of each group at the zoom meeting. This research used the instruments adapted from Daniel (2022) about the roles of literature circles and the interactions from Guiller, Durndell, and Ross (2007) to analyze the group discussion. The finding shows that the students were engaged in online literature circles. Each group performed interactive discussions. Furthermore, each group member played his or her role following the task description. Therefore, online literature circles are recommended to stimulate group discussion, and the presence of lecturers will provide motivation where the class will be more critical.

Keywords: Online literature circles, classroom discourse, observational study

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

This chapter presents an introduction of the thesis, which consists of background of the study, identification of the problem, the aims of the study, and significance of the study.

A. Background of the study

During the COVID-19 pandemic, literature circles are not only conducted in face-to-face classrooms but also online classes (Ferdiansyah et al., 2020). Recent studies have found that literature circles provided a lot of benefits, such as enabling students to understand better the context of the text, also increasing their critical thinking about the text being discussed because they experienced collaboration in a group and that is better than reading independently (Thomas & Kim 2019; Ferdiansyah et al., 2020). Anderson (as cited in Beeghly, 2005), showed that online literature circles allowing time for reflection were usually lost in face-to-face class discussions. Anderson (2009), found that literature circles can positively impact, discussions in online classes that the students are mostly enjoying. Besides, online synchronous discussion, Campbell (as cited in Beeghly, 2005), stated although asynchronous discussions were not real-time chats, it also provides a convenience for students because they have a space-time to process their thoughts, and do not worry about being interrupted when expressing their opinions. Nevertheless, online literature circles need more attention in these current conditions, particularly in the Indonesian context, where we have some berries to implement online literature circles. Therefore, choosing the appropriate method will help the online literature circle to be effective.

According to Rahiem (as cited in Farooq et al., 2020), in developing countries, the learning process is more complex over the pandemic, because the opportunity for internet service and technology are being restricted. The transition of learning in the emergency remote learning changes students' learning habits as well as their motivation too. However, learning reading using the literature circle method will raise students' motivation as long as students share the story with other groups and exchange ideas together to have a deep comprehension (Mirantika, Novitasari & Rahayu, 2021). To date, a few studies revealed the method such adaptation from traditional learning

literature circle into online literature circle is worked by used media of WhatsApp Groups, even they have trouble in their internet connection that disrupt the course of the discussion process but students feel happy and comfortable, additionally, students understand each other's condition while gaining sympathy and care in their group and also take more responsibilities for themselves (Ferdiansyah et al., 2020; Mirantika, Novitasari & Rahayu 2021). They could build trust and help one another in group discussions (Widodo, 2015). Thus, online literature circles can get rid of the stress and overwhelming that students frequently felt in their assignments. Despite any students struggling to have a connection, an online literature circle is worthy to be implemented, many roles can play in the literature circle that will be fun.

The current discussion on literature circles in synchronous and asynchronous online learning has been broadly conducted. A number of researchers have demonstrated that literature circles have many benefits for students and they worked well for EFL students at a university level. However, there has been little discussion about the online environment of literature circles in the Indonesian context, how to be implemented, and media's uses conducted in an online literature circle. Whereas, online literature circles in this pandemic require some notice, such as various media and methods are important to make students interested because something monotonous will make students feel saturated and bored quickly. Therefore, to fill this gap, the primary aim of this research is to explore technology integration with literature circles and explore the participants' manner bonded with each other and sharing texts through online discussion. This needed to develop reliable media to be active and communicate in online literature circles.

A. Formulation of the problem

This research was conducted to answer a question about:

How do EFL university students interact in practicing online literature circles?

B. Objectives of study

This research aimed to describe the practices of online literature circles by EFL university students.

C. Significances of the study

This research is expected to give empirical contributions by extending the discussion on online literature circles in the Indonesian context about how to be implemented. As a practical contribution, the pattern of literature circles can be used by lecturers in online classes, especially for reading courses.



CHAPTER II

LITERATURE REVIEW

A. Conceptual definition of literature circle

A literature circle is designed as a discussion activity for students that is conducted in a small group by reading various books and then responding to that book by exchanging ideas with the members (Daniels, 2002). Meanwhile, Combes (2004) postulated that a literature circle has been found to develop an extra comprehensive classroom and reading ability. Students can have a level of comprehensiveness as well as they have deeper thinking to analyze the issues and the structure of the literary text. To this extent, literature circles such a strategy that gives students more involvement to clarify the book from a different perception by extensive peer discussion.

Furthermore, Daniels (2002) classified that literature circle has components, those are a connector, questioner, literary luminary, illustrator, summarizer, vocabulary enricher, researcher, and scene setter. The first is a connector, the reader can combine the contents of the text with another context that's still related to these topics. Second is the questioner, that's such a boss in the group because they must have some crucial questions to build an active discussion to solve the book. Third, the literary luminary is a special passage in the text. In this role, students have to notice and pick the quote from the part of the book which is considered important enough to share. Fourth, the illustrator, this role might create a likeness in a picture, this as visualizing from the text, it will be discussing with the group to make a connection between the picture and their ideas of the reading. Then, the summarizer's role is to remind what is going on the reading previously, provide a summary then share it into the groups. This summarization could be connected with a student's feelings or combined it with their experiences in life and anything they know. Thereafter, vocabulary enricher is useful to discover unknown words. Next, researchers in this role of discussion are not too formal, they just find the background information of the books that are read to make the group understand the topic better. The last one is scene setter, this is about what happened in the text, which means all of the settings of the storyline. In the process of students taking the roles, they get information from the text then consider their opinion as support, highlight the main ideas, and give a reaction to what they read critically.

Then this theory has been widely used for learning practices in literature circles, such as Elhess and Egbert (2015) also mentioned this component in their articles.

The components of the literature circle mentioned above can also be done in an online platform, which fits the pandemic situation. Cave (2018) defined that online literature circle as a method of teaching that is not only useful for people whose difficulty in reading, but it also has a benefit for all students to be more active and that avoid them from a monotonous to just read and ask a factual question, this will be attractive for students. In short, all that showing language improvement is the goal of the literature circle, especially for reading comprehension. The role in the literature circle is an influential factor to make students comprehend perfectly.

B. Empirical review on online literature circle at university level

Whittinghnam (2013) did a comparative study of several methods between chat rooms, discussion boards, and student led-discussion, it is found that synchronous chat room was better than board discussion, but when it compared with literature circle, both are nothing, online literature circle has a more positive effect for students at all. This survey was conducted on graduate students which shows that they have got achievement from an online literature circle known as led-discussion, it was good online learning to present a clear subject. Students said that they are active in this online literature circle because they are very involved in the process of sharing their opinion. Thus, they have played the roles such as discussion director that provided many questions to discuss, connector, word warrior, and passage picker. Of course, it trains them to think creatively rather than on a discussion board. This indicates that the literature circle was a good method for an online environment with allowed students to more participate than just duplicate an answer on the discussion board, because it was limited by a teacher only giving students the same question, so probably they also have the same answer and then only change it into another word. However, if the online literature circle does a discussion board it will be meaningful because they experience collaboration with their friend which they have never felt before.

Forest and Kimmel (2016) highlighted students who learn reading through literature circle in online discussion get a lot of perspectives, they know some aspects such as social identities, nature, and even about political context, which they get into

the text deeply. In order to provide more critical literacy to students, they need extra time which means that the learning processes are better done in asynchronous discussion than in synchronous, because the students said that when they are in a synchronous discussion they feeling so hard to keep following the fast discourse, so with no real-time chat they can have a reflective thinker. This study shows that students played two roles: discussion director and connector. Novitasari, Rahayu and Suryanto (2021) found that online literature circles give students a good English proficiency such as increasing their reading ability and vocabulary. This happened because literature circle strategy can help students focus more on finding certain information when they are reading by using the roles such as word master, passage person, connector, summarizer, discussion leader, and illustrator. Widodo (2015) endorsed that without the role of translator no message will be successfully conveyed, this indicated the role of vocabulary enhancer is an important part in English classroom, in this case is literature circles, so by the role of vocabulary enhancer students will understand the reading better, besides, that role is an easy role for students than other roles in literature circle as know that conducted in this study are passage master and summarizer.

Ferdiansyah et al., (2020) found that even if students have a problem in online classes, the strategy of the roles in literature circle was the best choice to overcome this matter. Also, in the process of making tasks, the use of applications such as WhatsApp for keeping in touch with the groups is required. This indicates, the role in the literature circle strongly encourages students to have a sense of responsibility, and it makes them active so as to encourage other friends to be active in the discussion as well. To this extent, online literature circles make the students respect each other, especially for their groups, they felt motivated to read books because they would discuss them with others. Students will be experts at understanding what they read on online literature circles by playing their roles. In this case, the students used the roles such as connector, which is an opportunity for them to be more connected with the text. Lastly, the role of the literary luminary, vocabulary enricher, and summarizer, then illustrator are also important to provide the wrap up of the discussion. They perform at the end of the discussion by making an infographic report. Then, teamwork in online literature circles is dependent on the positive perception of students and their motivation (Novitasari, Rahayu & Suryanto, 2021). When students feel positive about doing a literature circle

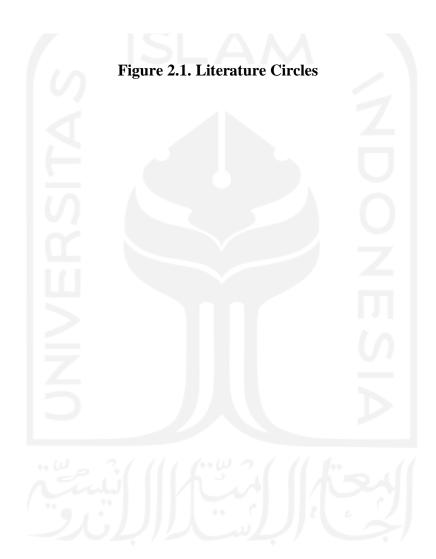
they will finish it with pleasure, because they were confident in completing their duty well.

In conclusion, as we know the education program, especially in Indonesia was very affected by the covid-19 pandemic and the implementation of online learning in Indonesia are not only limited to technology but also human resources. Therefore, teachers must take innovation doing this learning process so that learning objectives can be achieved optimally. In this case, online literature circles are a great strategy to be implemented in online learning because with the led-discussion students have interaction either with their friends, text, or teacher which is a good choice to be motivated in their learning. Then, to do online literature circle can be used media such as WhatsApp, zoom, Google classroom, and even discussion board, which can be adjusted to student and teacher situations. For example, if the internet allows students to do literature circles directly, they can go through zoom. However, if the student does not have a good internet connection the discussion can be done via WhatsApp by creating their own groups (Ferdiansyah et al., 2020). Then, google classroom or discussion boards can be done both synchronously and asynchronously.

C. Theoretical Framework

In general, after exploring the conceptual and empirical review, this research focuses on identifying the practices of online literature circles by higher students. This research tends to Daniels (2002) as the main theory because of the clear and specification of the contents, also there are many prior studies that used Daniels theory, which means it was trusted. In this frame, Daniels has 8 roles to explain literature circles. This is the diagram of the roles of the literature circle by Daniels (2002):





CHAPTER III

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

3.1 Research Design

This research is designed to identify the application of online literature circles that are undertaken by English classes. This study uses qualitative research, especially an observational study to obtain the data. As Kumaravadivelu (1993) defined, an observational study presents the interaction in the classroom to inform how the teaching-learning process is done. Accordingly, in this research, an observational study used to know how and which components of the literature circle are applied in the classroom by considering the class interaction.

3.2 Setting and Participants

The research was conducted at an Islamic university in Yogyakarta. The researcher observed in the Critical Reading and Literacy class. The participants were the students in the class itself, with around 30 students in the classroom. This research reported their practices of literature circles during online classes. They had a group discussion in which one group consists of four people with each role to achieve the objectives of their text. To do an online literature circle in critical reading and literacy class, the students need to have a personal Zoom account and access it by the computers with a good internet connection. Therefore, the student's voice and screen that presented will be clear for a group discussion.

3.3 Online Literature Circles Activity

Online literature circles can be achieved in critical reading and literacy classes based on the following instructional procedures:

- 1. The students were given two different short animated movies, and they could choose one of them.
- 2. The students were divided into 9 groups and there are 4 students in each group.
- 3. Each student in the group played a different role, such as story reader, summarizer, vocabulary enhancer, and infographic maker.
- 4. The lecturer also described each position. First, story readers shared the movie and preferred pictures that are impressive for the group to discuss. Second, the

summarizer that summarizes and takes notes on what the story reader shared. Third, the vocabulary enhancers were to look for possible vocabularies and double check the language used in the summary. The last role is infographic maker, which makes an infographic containing information or important messages from that story, and it will be an attachment.

- 5. The students conducted online literature circles via Zoom meetings in english and recorded the discussion independently.
- 6. The recordings were shared to the lecturer via google drive.

3.4 Data Collection and Research Instrument

The data of the research was collected from class observation. The researcher acquired the data through the video record of the learning process on the online platform used by the class. Then, the recording becomes a data transcript at the end. Previously, the researcher asked for permission from the lecturer of the subject there is critical reading to access the classroom and collect data by copying a whole of the conversation, especially students' interaction during discussion groups. The transcriptions of the online literature circles are attached in the appendix.

Table 1. Definition of online literature circle roles by Daniels (2002)

No	Label	Indicator (s)	Sym.	Formal features and functional definition
1	Connector Relate the student's reading to	Liveness Stories in the news Similar events at other times and places Other books or stories Other people or problems	C	To find connections between the book and the reader, between the book and the wider world, also between the book and other texts that have the same topic.
		Other writings on the same topic	-	

2	Questioner	About a character	Q	To write down a few questions about the part of the book. The		
	You had	About the story				
	questions while you were reading/ You'd like to ask the author	About a word		questionnaires are important to make the groups active.		
3	Literary luminary	A good part	LL	To locate a few special sections or quotations in		
	You describe the	A scary part		the text to talk over in the		
	····	An interesting part		group.		
		A funny part				
		A good description				
		Some good writing				
4	Illustrator	A character	I	To share some of the		
	You illustrate	The setting		reader's images and visions that related to the reading		
	the text.	text.				
		An exciting part				
		A surprise				
		A prediction of what will happen next				
		Anything else				
5	Summarizer	Key points	S	Realized by preparing a brief summary of today's		
	You have summarized the	The main		reading. Its function is to		
	important part	highlights		have several main ideas or events to remember.		
	by	The essence of reading				
6	Vocabulary enricher	New (unfamiliar word)	VE	Looking for unfamiliar words and this function is to make it easier for the		
	You find any word are	Funny		group to understand the text and also increase their vocabulary directly.		
		Important				

		Strange		
		Interesting		
		Hard		
7	Researcher Are you looking for the background of the book or	The geography, weather, culture, or history of the book's setting Information about	R	Investigate something that is really interesting something that struck the reader as puzzling of curious while reading. This is to dig up some
	something curious such	the author, her/his life, and other works		background information or any topic related to the book.
		Information about the time period portrayed in the book		
		Pictures, objects, or materials that illustrate elements of the book		
		The history and derivation of words or names used in the book		
		Music that reflects the book or the time		
8	Scene setter	Action begins	SE	To describe the scene such
	You explain where the story	Key events Events end		where the action takes place, this tells the detailed setting of the text.

Tabel 2. Codes and Definitions of Interaction (Anderson 2001; Guiller, Durndell, Ross 2007)

No	Codes	Definitions
1	Task chairing	Attempt to control/moderate discussion

2	Offers suggestion	Proposes suggestion
3	Point of view	Gives opinion, takes stance on an issue
4	Agrees and expands	Agrees with and expands on another's contribution
5	Agreement	Explicit statement of agreement
6	Disagreement	Explicit statement of disagreement
7	Offers alternative explanation	Give an alternative explanation or interpretation
8	Minimal comments	Uh-huh, mm mm or yes/no response
9	Statement of fact	Makes statement of fact
10	Justification with anecdote	Broad generalisation based on experience
11	Justification with generalisation	Broad generalisation based on content of article
12	Justification with evidence	Cites formal evidence based on research
13	Justification with values	Justification based on own values
14	Checking	Requests affirmation or clarification
15	Weighs evidence	Synthesis of information, evidence and ideas
16	Positive procedural	Positive comments about the functioning of the group or task as a whole
17	Negative procedural	Negative comments about the functioning of the group or task as a whole
18	Reference to standards or handouts	References to task material provided
19	References to external material	References to material not given as part of task
20	Asides	Remarks directed at extraneous activities, humour, or jokes
21	Uncodable	Utterances that could not be coded any other way

3.5 Data Analysis

The researcher analyzed the interaction of group discussion in online classrooms by used the pattern of literature circle by Daniels (2002). The pattern of literature circles consists of eight individual roles: connector (C), questioner (Q), literary luminary (LL), illustrator (I), summarizer (S), vocabulary enricher (VE), research (R), and scene setter (SS). The interaction in online literature circles comes between the students and students in university as has been mentioned above.

In this research, the researcher used thematic analysis to identify, analyzed, and reported patterns within data, as known that thematic analysis is an effective method in

all kinds of qualitative research (Ary, Jacobs & Sorensen, 2010), therefore, used thematic analysis is appropriate to this research by three phases there are

- 1. Familiarized and Organized. The researcher read and re-read the transcriptions of verbal data of the class observation and noted the important part.
- 2. Coding and reduced. In this case, the researcher has analyzed and sorted the transcripts into categories of literature circles.
- 3. Interpreted and represented. This is the final result of analyzing data, the researcher provides an explanation in a written report.

3.6 Data Trustworthiness

The researcher will conduct this research by using an observational study. According to Ary, Jacobs, and Sorensen (2010) who suggested that the quality of qualitative research depends on the use of triangulation. It provides important evidence of the credibility of the study. Therefore, the researcher will triangulate the data to make sure that it was credible through the sources such as journals and books. Then, the researcher will review the credibility of this data with the supervisor, Intan Pradita S.S., M.Hum., as an expert judgment by consulting the research regularly. Moreover, this research will implement peer briefing by two colleagues from the same major to verify the validity.

CHAPTER IV

FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION

4.1 FINDINGS

This chapter describes the findings from the class observation to identify the application of online literature circles used by the students at an islamic university in Yogyakarta. The participants are students of the 3rd semester in critical reading and literacy class. This result of the study showed how the class implemented the roles of literature circles and how their interaction in practicing those online literature circles.

According to Daniels (2002), there are eight roles of literature circles namely connector (C), questioner (Q), literary luminary (LL), illustrator (I), summarizer (S), vocabulary enricher (VE), research (R), and scene setter (SS), but is not required to use all those roles. Based on the empirical review in this study, there are five research previous studies to show that it does not need to be eight roles to fulfill online literature circle practices. There were some studies that used six roles, some others used five roles, and there were also two findings that only used two roles. Then, in this research, the students played only four roles to practice online literature circles: story reader, summarizer, vocabulary enricher, and infographic maker. Although the role name that used for this class is slightly different, they had the same function. In practicing of these four roles does not have a negative impact because there were several roles that can be done simultaneously such as story reader can be questioner which is while the student tells the story, they also act as discussion director within the literature circle, this student will come up with open-ended questions for the group to discuss. Next, the infographic maker is the combination of literary luminaries who have some quotes aside from the important information of the story, and also illustrators that create the image of those stories in this infographic, which the infographic itself is an output of their discussion group on online literature circles.

In this observation of the practicing online literature circles, the researcher used the codes from Anderson (2001); Guiller, Durndell, and Ross (2007) to know the interaction of each group discussion. There were twenty-one of interaction codes but not all utterances in their discussion had those codes. There were eleven most frequently

occurring categories in each group such as: checking, minimal comment, task chairing, statement of the fact, agreement, agrees and expands, point of view, justification with anecdote, justification with generalisation, offering a suggestion, and positive procedural.

Table 3. Data Observation Result of Online Literature Circle

The roles in online literature circle	The interaction during online literature circle	Total	N
Story reader	Checking	12	
	Task chairing	24	
	Statement of fact	4	
	Agreement	5	
	Agree and expands	3	
	Offer suggestion	1	55
	Point of view	1	
	Positive procedural	4	
	Justification with anecdote	1	
Summarizer	Minimal comment	4	171
	Statement of fact	9	
	Offer suggestion	1	
	Justification with anecdote	1	15
Vocabulary	Minimal comment	5	
Enhancer	Statement of fact	12	
	Point of view	3	
	Agreement	3	
	Positive procedural	1	25
	Justification of general	1	
Infographic maker	Minimal comment	8	
	Statement of fact	6	
	Checking	1	
	Agreement	1	17

Description —> The data inform that the role that more contribute in a group discussion is story reader with 55 interactions, vocabulary enricher with 25 interactions, infographic maker with 17 interactions, and the least of all is summarizer with 15 interactions. Then, the task chairing is the most prominent interaction from all of the interactions by the story reader eliciting the members to be active in the discussion. Therefore, the statement of fact is the second prominent interaction in all the roles, the members tell the fact that happened on the topic, so the discussion will be interactive.

4.1.1. The Interactions of the Story Reader

One of the roles of the story reader during an online literature circle is to lead the discussion. In the data, it was found that one of the most prominent interactions at the beginning of the discussion is to have a question to the other members. The data was displayed below:

006 007 009 SR: Ok guys, how about the movie? Is that sad or what?

008 010 VE: It makes me feel sad actually

From the dialog above that shows the story reader moderating the discussion by asking the members about the topic they have watched before, this was corresponding to the roles of the story reader to lead the discussion group.

4.1.2. The Interactions of Summarizer

The role of the summarizer is to get the main point of the topic being discussed. This data found that one of the most prominent interactions in the discussion is to do a conclusion by stating the fact statement in the topic of the literature circle. The data was displayed below:

019 020 019 SR: <u>Yes yes. From me it's maybe we should stop the war because</u> we must be humanity and love each other, not be like this. And we know for sheila monika as summarizer screen is yours.

021 022 023 024 020 S: Ok wait, so the summary is the Syria war has been raging since 2011 and has caused a major humanitarian crisis. Many Syrians, especially children, became refugees and are trying to escape their wartorn country. So, from a toy house as a shelter they became journey toward hope. Lastly, the impact

of the Syrian war on children, the war in Syria has affected many children in the country.

The dialogue above shows that the summarizer delivered the statement that happen on the topic by revealing the fact inside. Summarizer explained the story briefly and clearly, so this was fits with his roles.

4.1.3. The Interactions of Vocabulary Enhancer

One of the roles of the vocabulary enricher during an online literature circle is looking for a new word that is still unfamiliar in a group. In the data, it was found that one of the most prominent interactions at the last before showing the infographic of the discussion is giving a new word for the group discussion. The data was displayed below:

026 021 SR: Ok thank you sheila monica. And right now to vocabulary enricher, pipit indah time is yours.

027 028 029 030 031 022 VE: Ok thank you. For me, I found one expression from the video from the kids, eee during the war in Syria describe the sad feelings. So before the kids playing with his cat and toy house and came into his toy house that he made, after that the kids find himself in a refugee camp filled with tents. His hometown is at war and he uses his toy house as a shelter. He feels so lonely because he cannot meet with his parents. That is the expression. And the new vocabulary is, wait, this is the new vocabulary, I found raging its mean berkecamuk, refugee its mean pengungsi, torn its mean dilanda, shelter its mean tempat berteduh, tens its mean tenda, and separated its mean terpisah.

The interaction between the story reader and vocabulary enricher above shows that the vocabulary enricher mentions some new vocabularies from the story reader requested before. This indicates the vocabulary enricher has carried out his role to find unfamiliar vocabulary.

4.1.4 The Interaction of Infographic Maker

The role of the infographic maker during an online literature circle is to illustrate the topic of the discussion. In the data, it was found that one of the most prominent interactions at the last of the discussion is showing the result of the infographic to the other members. The data was displayed below:

032 023 SR: Ok thank you pipit indah, because of you I think I can getting smart right now. And for the infographic maker rifaldi dimas, screen yours.

024 IM: Ok, I'm going to share you the infographic of the video.

025 IM: So this is the infographic (showing the illustration of the short movie)

- 033 026 VE: <u>It looks nice, good job rifaldi.</u>
- 034 027 IM: Yes, thank you.

The sentences of infographic maker it's not include to the categories of intercation. But, that's shows the role of infographics which have made an infographic/picture of the topic being discussed.

4.2. DISCUSSION

4.2.1. The Engagement during Online Literature Circle

This research observed online literature circles in critical reading and literacy classes. During the online discussion, there were some roles that the students should perform. In the given data, it was clear that the key person was the story reader. As found by Ferdiansyah et.al. (2020) storyteller played a significant role. Yet in the previous studies, Fediansyah et.al. (2020) found that not all students engaged in online literature circles. However, in this study, all students fulfilled their roles. As Whittingham (2013) found that literature circles in an online environment have achieved the goals of learning. Accordingly, the most frequent interactions during the whole discussion are the story readers. The interaction was mainly about task chairing. Further, the story reader also did check on the progress of the other online literature circle members. In my observation, the story readers were the main actor running the discussion. The group that had interactive story readers tended to have better interactions during their reading images activity. Other than that, there is also the statement of fact, agreement, agree and expands, offer suggestions, point of view, positive procedural, and justification with an anecdote. Although they did not dominantly contribute, they help the interaction more engaging.

As the previous studies Novita, Rahayu, and Suryanto (2021) show that all students are engaged in online literature circles, and they have positively participated in the group discussion. In this research, vocabulary enricher is the second most frequent interaction in the group discussion. The interaction was mainly about statements of fact. They make a statement from the short video by researching the story and the expression of that character. Then, to my observation the vocabulary enricher

was noting the new vocabulary that is still unfamiliar and sharing it with the group, that word is the real utterances from the movie. This means that vocabulary enrichers are active in participating in online literature circles without forgetting their job. The vocabulary enricher has one of the crucial roles too because that develops the student's words and it helps students in their major (Widodo, 2015). Other than that, there are also minimal comments, points of view, agreement, positive procedural, and justification of general.

The third frequent interaction is the infographic maker. The interaction was mainly about a minimal comment. To my observation infographic is the most active in the discussion by always responding to other members. Further, the infographic maker also provided a statement of fact to support the discussion, and make it an image (infographic) full of the conclusion from the summarizer to describe the image. The infographic maker fulfilled their responsibilities to complete all tasks and roles in online literature circles (Ferdiansyah et al., 2021). Other than that, there are also checking, agreement, and justification of general. Although they only have a little contribution, it helps a group discussion more engaging.

The last is the summarizer role, they were the least interacted in the online literature circle. The interaction was mainly about a statement of fact, this relates to the job to mention the fact about the topic being discussed. As Forest and Kimmel (2013) found that online literature circles make students think critically to analyze the context or the contents of the topic. Even though the vocabulary enricher was active in giving statements of fact but the summarizer was given more detail for the fact of the statement from the story. To my observation, the summarizer was also active in responding to the member by giving minimal comments. Other than that, there are also some expressions to offer suggestions and justification with anecdotes. Although they were not dominantly contributing, they make the discussion more attractive.

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION

In looking at how EFL university students interact in practicing online literature circles, this study found that the students were engaging during the discussion. It was because the students also play their roles well, they understand their respective roles and are responsible for their work. Accordingly, as a suggestion, the lecturer can contribute in online literature circles to guide the group and to give some critical questions to make the discussion more alive. Then, the limitation of this research is taken from one university. Further studies can be conducted at more than one university. Thus, various roles in online literature circles can be found. Since the findings emphasized the opportunities of online literature circles as the activity that make students' engaged in discussion, thus this study implied that online literature circles can be an option to do, to engage students in online learning.



REFERENCES

- Anderson, P.L. (2009). Engaging Students in Online Literature Circle Conversations. *Conference of the International Journal of Arts and Sciences*, 1(17), 38–42. http://openaccesslibrary.org/images/AUS164 Peggy L. Anderson.pdf
- Anderson, T., Howe, C., Soden, R., Halliday, J., & Low, J. (2001). Peer interaction and the learning of critical thinking skills in further education students. *Instructional Science*, 29, 1-32.
- Ary, D., Jacobs, L. C., Sorensen, C., & Razavieh, A. (2010). Introduction to Research in Education. 8th Edition. (Canada).
- Bowers-Campbell, J. (2011). Take It Out of Class: Exploring Virtual Literature Circles. *Journal of Adolescent & Adult Literacy*, 54(8), 557-567. https://doi.org/10.1598/JAAL.54.8.1
- Braun, V., & Clarke, V. (2006). Using thematic analysis in psychology. Qualitative Research in Psychology, 3(2), 77–101. http://doi:10.1191/1478088706qp0630
- Cave, C. (2018). Benefits of Online Literature Circles in the College Arena. *The Journal of Global Business Management*, 14(2), 47-56.
 - http://www.jgbm.org/page/6%20Chessica%20Cave.pdf
- Combes, B. (2004). Literature Circles Online: Practical Strategies for Creating a Reading Culture Using Technology. *International Association of School Librarianship*. Pg-293. https://doi.org/10.29173/iasl8061
- Daniels, H. (2002). *Literature circles: Voice and choice in book clubs and reading groups*. 2nd ed. Portland, ME: Stenhouse.
- Ferdiansyah, S., Ridho, M.A., Sembilan, F.D., Sembilan, F.D., & Zahro S.F. (2020). Online literature circles during the COVID-19 pandemic: Engaging undergraduate students in Indonesia. *TESOL Journal*, 11 (3), e00544.
 - https://doi.org/10.1002/tesj.544
- Forest, D.E. & Kimmel S.C. (2016). Critical Literacy Performances in Online Literature Discussions. *Association for Library and Information Science Education*, 57 (4), 283-294. https://doi:10.12783/issn.2328-2967/57/4/3
- Guiller, J., Durndell, A., & Ross, A. (2008). Peer interaction and critical thinking: Face-to-face or online discussion?. *Learning and intruction*, 18 (2), 187–200. http://doi:10.1016/j.learninstruc.2007.03.001

- Kumaravadivelu, B. (1993). Maximizing learning potential in the communicative classroom. *ELT Journal*, 47(1), 12–21. http://doi:10.1093/elt/47.1.12
- Mirantika, R., Novitasari, D.A., & Rahayu, K.D. (2021). EFL Students Engagement in Reading through Literature Circle. *ISLLAC: Journal of Intensive Studies on Language, Literature, Art, and Culture*, 5(1), 35-41.
 - http://journal2.um.ac.id/index.php/jisllac/article/view/16673
- Novitasari, Rahayu, E.K. & Suryanto, B. (2021). Literature Circles in Reading Class: Students' Participation and Perception. *Celtic: A Journal of Culture, English Language Teaching, Literature, & Linguistics,* 8(1), 65-77. https://doi:10.22219/celtic.v8i1.16138
- Rahiem, M.D.H. (2020). Remaining motivated despite the limitations: University students' learning propensity during the COVID-19 pandemic. *Children and Youth Services Review*, 120. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.childyouth.2020.105802
- Thomas, D.M., & Kim, J.K. (2019). Impact of Literature Circles in the Developmental College Classroom. *Journal of College Reading and Learning*, 48(2), 89-114. https://doi.org/10.1080/10790195.2019.1582371
- Whittingham, J. (2013). Literature Circles: A Perfect Match for Online Instruction. *TechTrends*, 57 (4), 53-58. https://doi:10.1007/s11528-013-0678-5
- Widodo, H.P. (2015). Engaging Students in Literature Circles: Vocational English Reading Programs. *The Asia-Pacific Education Researcher*, 25(2), 347-359. https://doi.org/10.1007/s40299-015-0269-7

APPENDICES

Appendix 1. Permit Letter

Appendix 1.1. Permit Letter



Gedung Dr. Sookman Wilsprandbyld Kangac Terpady (Novesitos Island Indonesia R. Kallanang Ian (14.5 Terpadunta (15584 T. (16374) 878444 cnf. 2306, 2314 R. (16374) 878444 cnf. 2306

langgal : 23 November 2021

Nomor : 3818/DPS/70/DURT/XI/2021

Hal : Permohonan Izin Pengambilan Data Skripsi

Kepada:

Yth. Dekan Fakultas Psikologi & Ilmu Sosial Budaya

Di tempat.

AssalamualaikumWr. Wb

Dalam rangka mengantarkan mahasiswa untuk menjadi sarjana, maka setiap mahasiswa diwajibkan membuat skripsi/tugas akhir.

Sehubungan dengan hal tersebut di atas diperlukan data, baik dari Instansi Pemerintah, Badan Usaha Milik Negara, Perusahaan Swasta dan Lembaga maupun individu. Selanjutnya kami mohon izin penelitian/pengambilan data mahasiswa Fakultas Psikologi dan Ilmu Sosial Budaya Universitas Islam Indonesia tersebut di bawah ini:

Nama Mahasiswa : Astri aprillia Nomor Induk Mahasiswa : 18322092

Program Studi : Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris Pembimbing Skripsi : Intan Pradita, S.S., M.Hum.

Judul Skripsi :

"AN OBSERVATIONAL STUDY OF ONLINE LITERATURE CIRCLES DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC."

Demikian permobonan kami, atas perhatian dan bantuan Bapak/Ibu/Saudara/i kami ucapkan terimakasih.

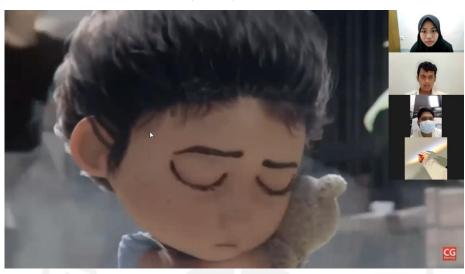
WassalamualaikumWr. Wb

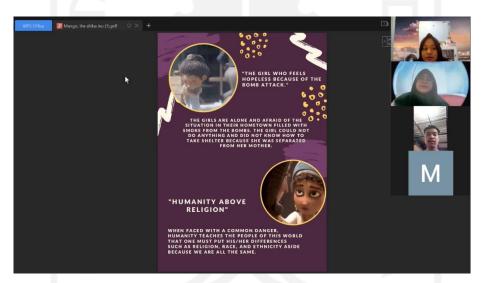
Dosen Pembimbing Skripsi

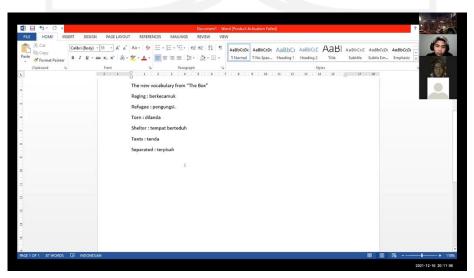
Intan Pradita, S.S., M.Hum.

Appendix 2. Online Literature Circles

Appendix 2.1 Online Literature Circles (Zoom)







Appendix 3. Sample of students' infographic

Appendix 3.1 Sample of students' infographic

The Syrian War has been raging since 2011 and has caused a major humanitarian crisis. Many Syrians, especially children, became refugee and are trying to escape their wartorn country.

The Box



The kid is a main character in this story. He has black eyes, dark brown hair, and light brown skin. He wears a light blue shirt, dark blue shorts, and white socks. He also have a white cat as a pet. He plays with a toy house he just made.

From a toy house to a shelter

The kid finds himself in a refugee camp filled with tents. His hometown is at war and he uses his toy house as a shelter.



Journey towards hope



The kid used his toy house again as a boat and cross the sea. Many refugees are packed into boats as they are trying to cross the sea while risking their lives.

Impact of the Syrian War on children

The war on Syria has affected many children in the country. we can help them through charities and activism to help them find a better future.

- 8.4 million children more than 80 per cent of Syria's child population - have been directly affected by the brutal and violent conflict in Syria.
- 6.1 million children need education support.

 More than 6 million children have been displaced from their homes.
- More than 16,600 unaccompanied and separated children have crossed Syria's borders.

Kelompok 2 Tri- Sheila- Pipit- Rifaldi

Appendix 4. Data Transcript and Data Coding

Appendix 4. 1 Data Transcript and Data Coding

Place : Critical Reading and Literacy D

C : Connector

Q : Questioner (story reader)

LL : Literary Luminary

I : Illustrator (infographic maker)

S : Summarizer

VE : Vocabulary Enhancer

R : Researcher

SS : Scene Setter

GROUP 2

Data Number	Utterances	Roles of Online Literature Circles	Coding	Interactions	Parameter
	O01 SR: Assalamualaikum wr wb. We are from group two, here we want to do the assignment from critical reading and literacy D class, my name is trie lesyanto nugroho as story reader,	Story reader		 Task chairing Offers suggestion Point of view Agrees and expands Agreement Disagreement Offers alternative explanation Minimal comments Statement of fact Justification with anecdote Justification with generalisation Justification with evidence 	 Attempt to control/moderat e discussion Proposes suggestion Gives opinion, takes stance on an issue Agrees with and expands on another's contribution Explicit statement of agreement Explicit statement of disagreement Give an alternative

13. Justification with values	explanation or interpretation
14. Checking	8. Uh-huh, mm
15. Weighs evidence	mm or yes/no response
16. Positive procedural	9. Makes statement of
17. Negative procedural	fact 10. Broad
18. Reference to standards or handouts	generalisation based on experience
19. References to external material	11. Broad generalisation
20. Asides	based on content of
21. Uncodable	article
	12. Cites formal evidence based on research
	13. Justification based on own values
S	14. Requests affirmation or clarification
	15. Synthesis of information, evidence and ideas
	16. Positive comments about the functioning of the group or task as a whole
	17. Negative comments about the functioning of the group or task as a whole
	values 14. Checking 15. Weighs evidence 16. Positive procedural 17. Negative procedural 18. Reference to standards or handouts 19. References to external material 20. Asides

	002 S : And my	Summarizer			18. References to task material provided 19. References to material not given as part of task 20. Remarks directed at extraneous activities, humour, or jokes 21. Utterances that could not be coded any other way
	name is sheila monika delisya as summarizer				
	003 VE : My name is pipit indah as vocabulary enricher	Vocabulary enricher		S	
	004 IM : My name is rifaldi as infographic maker	Infographic maker		D	
001	005 SR: Ok, right now I will show the video. The first I will like to share the movies, let me share the screen. Can you see the videos guys?	Story reader	Checking		
002	006 S, VE, IM: <u>Yes</u>	Summarizer, Vocabulary enricher, Infographic maker	Minimal comments		

003	007 SR : <u>How</u>	Story reader	Checking
004	about the sound? Can you hear the sound?		
005	008 S, VE, IM: Not yet. Udah udah	Summarizer, Vocabulary enricher, Infographic maker	Minimal comments
006	009 SR : Ok	Story reader	Task
007	guys, how about the movie? Is that sad or what?	2	chairing
008	010 VE : <u>It's</u> make me feel sad actually	Vocabulary enricher	Point of view
009	011 SR: It's sad cause he get lost with his parents because of war	Story reader	Statement of fact
010	012 VE: <u>Yes</u>	Vocabulary enricher	Agreement
011	013 SR: How about the little kids?	Story reader	Task chairing
012	014 VE: From his physical maybe he has black eyes and dark brown hair then he has light brown skin	Vocabulary enricher	Statement of fact
013	015 SR: What's wrong with the kids in these country?	Story reader	Task chairing
014	016 S : There is a war	Summarizer	Statement of fact
015	017 SR : Yes there is war in his country, yeah. And what is the	Story reader	Agreement Task
	moral value of		chairing

	this movie? The moral you can got from these movies.				
017	018 VE : I think because of the war in Syria, and then that affected a lot of people in Syria and many of them lost their	Vocabulary enricher	Statement of the fact		
	families and many children in this country mmm lost their parents, brother and sister, and their home	りて	SLA	M	
018	maybe. So as human beings we can hope them through charities and activism to help them maybe, it from me.	KSIII	Point of view	DON	
019 020	019 SR : Yes yes. From me it's	Story reader	Agreement Point of	П	
020	maybe we should stop the war because we must be humanity and love each other, not be like this. And we know for sheila monika as		view	SIA	
	summarizer screen is yours		الله الله	البحال)	
021	020 S : Ok wait, so the summary is the Syria war has been raging since 2011 and has caused a major humanitarian crisis. Many	Summarizer	Statement of fact		
022	Syrians, especially children, became refugees and are				

	T .	1	
023	trying to escape their wartorn country. So, from		
	a toy house as a shelter they became journey		
024	toward hope. Lastly, the impact of the Syrian war		
	on children, the war in Syria has affected many		
025	children in the country. So, we can help them		5LAM
	through charities and activism to	1	Point of view
026	help them find the better future.	G. 1	
026	021 SR : Ok thank you sheila monica. And right	Story reader	Positive procedural
	now to vocabulary enricher, pipit		
	indah time is yours.		
027	022 VE : Ok thank you. <u>For</u> me, I found one	Vocabulary enricher	Statement of fact
	expression from the video from the kids, eee during		
	the war in Syria describe the sad	ا)ن ج	(600) 2 (1/2011
028	feelings. So before the kids playing with his	الآناع	
	cat and toy house and came into his toy house that he		
	made, after that the kids find himself in a		
020	refugee camp filled with tents.		
029	His hometown is at war and he uses his toy house as a		

_

033	026 VE : <u>It looks</u> nice, good job rifaldi.	Vocabulary enricher	Positive procedural		
034	027 IM: Yes, thank you.	Infographic maker	Minimal comments		
	028 SR: Ok, maybe that's all from us, if we have a lot of mistakes please forgive us, I'm nugroho who is presenting my group, wassalamualaiku m wr wb.	Story reader	SLA	Ź	
	029 S, VE, IM : Waalaikumsalam wr wb.	Summarizer, Vocabulary enricher Infographic maker			

GROUP 3

Data Number	Utterances	Roles of Online Literature Circles	Coding	Interactions	Parameter
	001 SR : Assalamualaikum wr wb. Good day	Story reader	المتا	Task chairing Offers	Attempt to control/moderate discussion
	everyone	الإناد		suggestion 3. Point of	2. Proposes suggestion
				view 4. Agrees and	3. Gives opinion, takes stance on an issue
				expands 5. Agreement	4. Agrees with and expands on
				6. Disagreem ent	another's contribution

	7. Offers	5. Explicit
	alternative explanatio	statement of agreement
	n	6. Explicit
	8. Minimal comments	statement of disagreement
	9. Statement of fact	7. Give an alternative
	10. Justificatio n with	explanation or interpretation
ISLA	anecdote	8. Uh-huh, mm mm or yes/no
	11. Justificatio n with	response 9. Makes statement
	generalisat ion	of fact
	12. Justificatio n with	10. Broad generalisation
	evidence	based on experience
	13. Justificatio n with	11. Broad
	values	generalisation based on content
	14. Checking	of article
	15. Weighs evidence	12. Cites formal evidence based
	16. Positive procedural	on research
	17. Negative	13. Justification based on own
	procedural	values
"40 3(((6"W)	18. Reference to	14. Requests affirmation or
	standards or	clarification
	handouts	15. Synthesis of information,
	19. References to external	evidence and ideas
	material	16. Positive
	20. Asides	comments about the functioning
	21. Uncodable	of the group or task as a whole
		17. Negative
		comments about

		15	LA/		the functioning of the group or task as a whole 18. References to task material provided 19. References to material not given as part of task 20. Remarks directed at extraneous activities, humour, or jokes 21. Utterances that could not be
	002 C VE IM	G			coded any other way
	002 S, VE, IM: Good day	Summarizer, Vocabulary enricher Infographic maker		JNE	
001	003 SR : How are you going on?	Story reader	Checking	10	
002	004 IM : I'm going good. How about you?	Infographic maker	Checking	7	
003	005 SR: I'm fine, thank you. So, my name is yasmine, here we will discuss about the movie that we have watched before the discussion, and before going to the movie, I will like to introduce my group in this meeting. The first I have reza, and I also have zulvia and the last I have	Story reader	المات ال		

	irma here. So, I'm going to share the screen about the movie in the title hamsa. So can I just come in?		Checking		
004	006 S : Yeah go on	Summarizer	Minimal comment		
005	007 IM : Yes, sure	Infographic maker	Minimal comment		
006	008 SR: What do you see guys in the screen? Can you see the screen right now?	Story reader	Checking	4	
007	009 S, VE, IM: Yes	Summarizer, Vocabulary enricher. Infographic maker	Minimal comment		
008	010 SR : Ok, let's watch together. Do you hear the voice?	Story reader	Checking		
009	011 S : <u>Can you</u> display?	Summarizer	Offers suggestion	S	
010	012 SR : There are the voice?	Story reader	Checking		
	013 S : Nah nah macet	Summarizer	(4.4.4.1.1.0.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	// /	
011	014 SR : Ok, wait the minute, I will repeat once more. Is there any voice that?	Story reader	Checking		
012	015 IM : Yes ready	Infographic maker	Minimal comment		
013	016 VE : Yes clear	Vocabulary enricher	Minimal comment		
	017 SR : Ok, I think that's all the movie. So from the previous video	Story reader			

	that we have			
	watched before. A	G		
	<u>long story short,</u>	Statement of		
014	this movie tells us	the fact		
	about a young girl			
	who knows			
	nothing about the			
	historical conflict			
	in the country she			
	lives in. Until one			
	day during a trip			
015	to the market, her			
013	mother intensified			
	her fear of the		\vee 1	
	other. However,			
	when the chaos			
016	struck, she			
010	discovered the			
	people she had			
	feared were not			
017	that bad. So the			
	things is when			
	passing common			
	dangerous the			
	humanity teaches			
	us or teach human			
	in the world must		171	
	put his or her			
	differences aside,			
	like we often			
	listen a word don't			
	judge someone by			
	the cover, because			
	we are all the			
	same, no matter	116000	11 1 1	/
	what your	1 6 3		
	background is,			
	what rasis you are	1	12 0	
	or what religion			
	you have, because			
	we are only a			
	human being. So			
	maybe that's all a			
	bit summary from			
	me so after that I			
	notice one			
	interesting picture,			
	let me just show			
	you guys, this one			
	(show the picture)			

	T	1		1	
018 019	I think we should have discussion of this picture from the characteristics in this picture or from action process or seemingly process. Do you guys have any idea? Please just mention it. What do you think in		Task chairing		
	this picture?			\wedge I	
020	018 S : I just see that girl is really angry to that woman	Summarizer	Statement of fact	Ź	
021	019 SR: Ok she is angry, others who has any idea? Eee what is wearing right now?	Story reader	Task chairing		
023	020 VE : I think she wear a long shirt	Vocabulary enricher	Statement of fact	П	
024	021 SR: Ok, what is the color of the shirt?	Story reader	Task chairing	18	
025	022 VE : White	Vocabulary enricher	Statement of fact		
026	023 SR: Yes, that a white long shirt, and then?	Story reader	Agrees and expands	البحا	
027	024 VE : And she wear tiecle is seems like hijab but use by orthodox woman	Vocabulary enricher	Statement of fact	<i>)</i>	
028	025 SR : Oh you mean this one?	Story reader	Checking		
029	026 VE : <u>Yes</u>	Vocabulary enricher	Minimal comments		

030	027 SR : Ok, What's the color?	Story reader	Task chairing		
031	028 VE : Green	Vocabulary enricher	Statement of fact		
032	029 SR : Green or blue? What do you see guys?	Story reader	Checking		
034	030 S, VE, IM: Green	Summarizer, Vocabulary enricher, Infographic maker	Justification with generalisation	M	
035	031 SR: Oh sorry, so maybe I was mistaken to seeing this picture. And then what else?	Story reader	Task chairing		
036	032 IM : <u>I notice</u> she wearing very interesting earring	Infographic maker	Statement of fact	0	
037	033 SR: Yes, this one. What is the shape of the earring?	Story reader	Agreement Task chairing		
039	034 IM : That square I think	Infographic maker	Statement of fact	8	
040	035 SR: Ok, what is the color of the earring?	Story reader	Agrees and expands		
041	036 S: <u>I think it's</u> gold	Summarizer	Statement of fact	((154)	
042	037 SR: Ok, another characteristic?	Story reader	Agrees and expands	J)*(~~)	
043	038 IM: I think that's woman sad, her face very sceptical or very suspicious when she make muslim woman	Infographic maker	Statement of fact		

044	039 SR: She is very skeptical and suspicious to this woman	Story reader	Checking		
045	040 IM: <u>Yes</u>	Infographic maker	Minimal comments		
045	041 SR: And reza you mention muslim woman. So, what do you think this woman's religion?	Story reader	Task chairing		
046	042 IM: <u>I think</u> her religion is jewish	Infographic maker	Statement of fact	1	
047	043 SR: <u>Jewish</u> because she wear this one	Story reader	Checking		
048	044 IM: <u>Yes</u>	Infographic maker	Minimal comments		
049	045 SR: Ok, so another. What kind of hair she has?	Story reader	Task chairing	П	
050	046 VE: Curly hair	Vocabulary enricher	Statement of fact	S	
051	047 SR: Yeah curly hair. And then maybe another characteristic you find in this	Story reader	Agreement	D ((1/24))	(
052	picture. Oh where is she from?	الآثار	Task chairing		
053	048 S: I think she from Middle East country because she used the bold makeup	Summarizer	Statement of fact		
054	049 SR: Yeah that's a great point, as I have mentioned before when I summarize	Story reader	Agreement Task chairing		

055 056	the story, this woman is from Israel because I notice the sinopsis in the video. Ok, another idea maybe? Or that's all?				
	050 S: I think that's all, enough for describe the picture	Summarizer			
	o51 SR: Ok, so zulvia can you read what we have in this discussion from the story I have tell you guys and then about the characteristics of this picture we found together. Can you please read zulvia. Oh my gosh, he's left.	Story reader		NDONE	
	052 IM: I think he has bit connection	Infographic maker		S	
057	053 SR: Yeah, so I ask irma first, irma what new vocabularies you get from our discussion tonight?	Story reader	Task chairing	[(fæy)	
058	054 VE: <u>I have</u> only one, just strike	Vocabulary enricher	Statement of fact	JT ()	
059	055 SR: What is the meaning?	Story reader	Task chairing		
060	056 VE: Menghantam, dihantam	Vocabulary enricher	Statement of fact		

061	057 SR: Ok,	Story reader	Offers		
001	maybe you should	Story reader	suggestion		
	write the meaning		54550501011		
	as well, ok?				
062		Vocabulany	A ~~~~~~		
062	058 VE: <u>Ok</u> .	Vocabulary enricher	Agreement		
		enricher			
063	059 SR: <u>Ok,</u>	Story reader	Task chairing		
	<u>another</u>				
	vocabulary?				
	060 VE: I think	Vocabulary			
	it's all	enricher			
	061 CD, Ok as	Ctomy noodon		V1	
	061 SR: Ok, so zulvia can you	Story reader			
	read what we got				
	of this discussion				
	from the story that	4			
	I have talk about				
	and then about the				
	characteristics of				
	this picture that				
	we have mention				
	together				
	062 S: Oh ok	Summarizer			
	guys sorry before				
	that I lost the			171	
	connection and			()	
	now I'm gonna			07	
	tell the summaries				
	from this movie		Statement of		
064	called hamsa. This		fact		
064	one is set in the				
	conflict country	0 2//	11 10000	// 1 //	/
	and it's about a little girl who goes	e2.ii	10 4	111	
	to the market with				
	her mother and her	71:11	1 人 ** .: //	1111 2	
065	name is tifa. And	(بد			
003	when tifa was				
	walking in the				
	market, she				
	showed the				
	necklace and the				
	woman came out				
	and looked at the				
	tifa, and her				
	mother then very				
1	upset to tifa			I	

066	always walks away with her mother. And suddenly the alarm sounded and everyone panicked, tifa was shocked and she saw the bomb				
067	attack and separate from his mother. Then she was help by that woman early and also the woman repaired the doll and she's mother	15	LA/	4 1 1 1	
068	thanks to her. And from this movie we can see if his mother wearing white long shirt, the green veil, gold earring and she has curly hair, from his face maybe from Middle East countries. The main point here is	MIVERSII		DONESI	
009	when we in dangerous all we gonna put the human humanity first and we neer judge people by the cover. Thank you.	ر اکنیسکا ارکنارو			
070	063 SR: Ok, thank you zulvia for summarizing this discussion. That's very kind of you. So guys maybe enough what we have discuss tonight, I thank you guys a	Story reader	Positive procedural		

	lot for joining this discussion. And especially for reza don't forget to make the infographic about the picture and the story we have discuss together			
071	064 IM: Ok sure, working on it	Infographic maker	Agreement	
	065 SR: Ok, maybe that all from me, thanks for nice attention, the last I say wassalamualaiku m wr wb	Story reader		
	066 S, VE, IM: Waalaikumsalam wr wb	Summarizer, Vocabulary enricher, Infographic maker		

GROUP 7

Data Number	Utterances	Roles of Online Literature Circles	Coding	Interactions	Parameter
	001 SR : My name is aulia as story reader and my partner is	Story reader		 Task chairing Offers suggestion Point of view Agrees and expands Agreement Disagreement 	 Attempt to control/moderate discussion Proposes suggestion Gives opinion, takes stance on an issue Agrees with and expands on

comments 9. Statement of fact	statement of disagreement Give an alternative explanation or interpretation
comments 9. Statement of fact 10. Justification with anecdote 11. Justification with generalisation 12. Justification with	statement of agreement Explicit statement of disagreement Give an alternative explanation or interpretation
10. Justification with anecdote 11. Justification with generalisation 12. Justification with	Explicit statement of disagreement Give an alternative explanation or interpretation
10. Justification with anecdote 11. Justification with generalisation 12. Justification with	statement of disagreement Give an alternative explanation or interpretation
generalisation 12. Justification with	alternative explanation or interpretation
	interpretation
	T T1 1 1
13. Justification with values 8.	Uh-huh, mm mm or yes/no
14. Checking 9.	response Makes statement
15. Weighs evidence	of fact
16. Positive procedural	. Broad generalisation
17. Negative procedural	based on experience
18. Reference to standards or handouts	Broad generalisation based on content of article
19. References to external material	. Cites formal evidence based
20. Asides	on research
21. Uncodable 13.	. Justification based on own values
14.	. Requests affirmation or clarification
15.	. Synthesis of information, evidence and ideas
16.	. Positive comments about the functioning

	ASTIAS:			of the group or task as a whole 17. Negative comments about the functioning of the group or task as a whole 18. References to task material provided 19. References to material not given as part of task 20. Remarks directed at extraneous activities, humour, or jokes 21. Utterances that could not be coded any other way
002 VE : My name is maulida rahma	Vocabulary enricher		П	
003 S : My name is muhammad najmi basya kamal	Summarizer		Ĭ Š	
004 IM : My name is akmal genius fikri	Infographic maker	165	البحثه) الم	
005 SR: We are from group seven, in this meeting we will discuss a short movie called hamsa, ok lets I share the movie first, let's watch the film	Story reader	ال ا		

	T	1	1		
	006 SR : Ok, let's	Story reader	Statement		
001	start. Besides the		of fact		
001	film hamsa, the				
	story is about a				
	young israel girl				
	who is oblivious				
	to the historical				
	conflict she lives				
	in. On the trip to				
	the market her				
002	mother reinforces				
	her fear of the				
	other people.				
	Why its called		\supset \vdash	4///	
000	hamsa? I think	10			
003	because hamsa is	7)			
	an arabic word				
	pronounce kh-				
	am-sa, that's				
	mean five, it's				
	meaning number	\wedge			
	five its use				
	symbol of				
	<u>protection</u>	_	· ·		
	predominantly				
	within the				
	muslim and				
	jewish				
	community to				
	defense agent the				
	evil eyes, because				
	also the film tell				
	the story of a				
	little girls				
	standing in front	w 2/	11/ 10010	2/1/4	
	of jewelry store,	0 11	11 6 3	1 11 11 2 11	
	and she focus on	- College			
	seems hamsa but			1 1 2 0 1	
	the jewelry and	ノしノ			
	<u>culture influence</u>	•			
	the characters.		Task		
004	Any ideas guys?		chairing		

			1		
		13	SL/		
		5		4	
005	007 VE : Yes I agree	Vocabulary enricher	Agreement		
006	008 SR: Ok, lets I show you the picture of the movie and let's discuss. Ok, in this picture we took the character of this little girl (showing the picture) What she is doing? What do you think	Story reader	Task chairing	ONESIA	
008	guys? 009 VE: Mmm I think one day there is a little girl carrying a teddy bear who was walking in the traditional	Vocabulary enricher	Statement of fact		
009	market with her mother. The girl saw an out lady wearing a hijab, and the out mother look at the girl but her mother forbid the girl to approach				

	the out lady				
	because of the				
	bad prejudice.				
	Sunddenly a war				
	came dropping				
010	bomb, the girl try				
	to run when her				
	mother called but				
	she fall in and the				
	doll was broken,				
	the head and the				
	body of the doll				
	are separated.				
	Then the girls		\supset \vdash		
011	saw the out lady				
	and followed her,				
	the out lady fixed				
	the doll from the	-			
	girl using the				
	necklace her was				
	wearing, the girl				
	looked at the out	Λ			
	lady happily				
	because she		· ·		
	managed to put	7.1			
	the separate part				
	of the doll.				
012	Finally, the girls				
	mother came and			(0	
	hug her, then the			07	
	mother look at				
	the girl initially.				
	However, the girl				
0.1.0					
013	shows her doll				
	that the out lady	0 /	11 1 10-11	0 / // 4	
	was repaired, the	20 11	11 7.2		
	mother says	LUL			
	thanks to the out				
	ladies. That's	フスコノノ	17人		
	from me.				
014	010 SR : <u>How</u>	Story reader	Task		
	about you kamal?		chairing		
015	011 0 . F 1	G .			
015	011 S : Eee ok.	Summarizer	Statement		
	As you can see		of fact		
	your screen, that				
	she has a white				
	skin and she five				
	or four years old,				
	and she also has a				
	and the about the		l		

	black hair, and she has a big around black eyes, and also she wears a light blue dress with a white color, she has a snap nose, and she always carries a brown teddy bear whenever she is. That's all from me.		SL/		
016	012 SR : How about you ka akmal?	Story reader	Task chairing	Z	
017	013 IM: I think what I see from the picture that's very feeling and can be taught from this picture	Infographic maker	Statement of fact	VO C	
018	014 SR : Ok, about the situation I think at the market and the location I think it was like a old city of darussalam. I	Story reader	Statement of fact	ESIA	
019	think that was booming there, and yes she was scared and panic because lost her mother in the chaos and the color of the background is	انست ارن الان			
020	full of smoke and people were running. Next picture, in this picture there is two female characters, a mother of a little				

021	girl's and palestine woman who sold the jewellery. So, what do you think guys what about action process basya?		Task chairing		
022	o15 S: So I think the mother felt guilty to watch the jewelry seller because when her child was to pay a jewelry she looked as if she doesn't like the jewelry seller. However, knowing that the jewellery seller safe the girl from the bomb attack, the mother feel guilty that she has something tolerable to the children and thanks to her to safing the child. I think that's all	Summarizer	Statement of fact	IS NOUNESI	
024	016 SR : What do you think ka akmal?	Story reader	Task chairing	2 (((1: - (
025	017 IM : She wear a hijab	Infographic maker	Statement of fact		
026	018 SR : <u>How</u> about you mau?	Story reader	Task chairing		
027	019 VE : I think her mother initially have a bad prejudice to the lady because they have different religions. But, when the mother	Vocabulary enricher	Statement of fact		

028	saw that the out				
	lady have a good				
	heart the mother				
	also thanks to the				
	out lady to				
	helping her				
	daughter and her				
	doughter's doll.				
	That's from me.				
	020 SR : Ok, to	Story reader			
	sum up basya				
	will tell us, time				
	is your basya			A/V1 1	
	021 S : Ok, thank	()			
	you aulia for				
	giving me the				
	time and				
	opportunity to				
	complete the				
	result of what we	A A			
	have discuss, and				
	before I complete				
	the conclusion,		· ·		
	can you share				
	screen? Ok,	ш `			
	thankyou mau for				
	the share, and as				
	you can see there				
	is infographic				
	from we have				
029	discuss before.	Summarizer	Statement		
	So the first		of fact		
	picture we call				
	the girl who feel	w 2/	11/1000	2/1/1/1	/
	hopeless because		11 6 3	1 1 1 2 4	
	of the bomb	النبا			
030	attack. The girls	91.11	11 1	7 114 0 2	
0.50	are alone and				
	afraid of the			·	
	situation in their				
	hometown filled				
	with smoke from				
021	the bomb. The				
031	girl could not do				
	anything and did				
	not know how to				
	take shelter				
	because she was				
	separated from				

032	her mother. And the second picture we call humanity above religion, when faced with a common danger, humanity teaches the people of this world that one must put his/her differences such as religion, race, and ethnicity aside because we are all the same. I think that all from me.	A S	SL/		
033	022 SR: Yes, good idea, basya. Next maybe maul deliver the new vocab	Story reader	Positive procedural		
034	023 VR: Mmmm I think the vocabulary is good and easy to understand so no have any correction in my opinion but infographic need to correct the word the girls here (show the word) because it's to be the girl, because there is only one girl there, and the new vocabulary in my opinion is shelter and prejudice.	Vocabulary enricher	Point of View	TESIA (Section)	
035	024 SR : Ok, that's good guys. I think that's all from our	Story reader	Positive procedural		

discussion. Ok guys thank you so much for attention and this great discussion, may all those beneficial for all of us. Wassalamualaiku				
m wr wb				
025 S, VE, IM: Waalaikumsalam wr wb.	Summarizer, Vocabulary enricher, Infographic maker	SLA	AM =	

