

**HUBUNGAN USIA, TINGKAT PENDIDIKAN, DAN STATUS
PEKERJAAN IBU DENGAN KELENGKAPAN IMUNISASI
PADA ANAK 18-24 BULAN DI DESA DARSONO KECAMATAN ARJASA
KABUPATEN JEMBER
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INTISARI

Imunisasi merupakan upaya preventif pengendalian penyakit, terutama penyakit menular yang dapat dicegah dengan imunisasi (PD3I). Tingginya cakupan imunisasi menggambarkan keberhasilan program imunisasi pada anak yang dicapai dengan kelengkapan pemberian imunisasi anak. Berbagai faktor dapat mempengaruhi kelengkapan imunisasi, baik dari anak, orang tua, lingkungan, serta sarana dan prasarana. Tujuan dilakukannya penelitian ini untuk mengetahui hubungan antara usia, tingkat pendidikan, dan status pekerjaan ibu dengan kelengkapan imunisasi pada anak usia 18-24 bulan di Desa Darsono Kecamatan Arjasa Kabupaten Jember tahun 2018. Metode penelitian yang digunakan adalah studi analitik dengan menggunakan pendekatan atau desain penelitian *cross sectional*. Populasi adalah ibu yang memiliki anak usia 18-24 bulan dan memenuhi kriteria inklusi di Desa Darsono sebanyak 80 orang. Data penelitian didapatkan dari data primer melalui pengisian kuesioner dan data sekunder melalui catatan riwayat imunisasi di buku kesehatan ibu dan anak (KIA). Menurut hasil penelitian didapatkan bahwa dari 80 anak 56,25% status imunisasinya lengkap dan sisanya 43,75% tidak lengkap. Setelah uji *chi-square* dilakukan, maka didapatkan perolehan masing-masing $p=0,716$, $p=0,707$, $p=0,595$ ($p<0,05$), maka dapat disimpulkan bahwa tidak hubungan yang signifikan antara usia, tingkat pendidikan, dan status pekerjaan ibu dengan kelengkapan imunisasi pada anak usia 18-24 bulan di Desa Darsono Kecamatan Arjasa Kabupaten Jember tahun 2018.

Kata Kunci: Usia, Tingkat Pendidikan, Status Pekerjaan, Ibu, Kelengkapan Imunisasi Anak

**THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AGE, EDUCATION LEVEL, AND
OCCUPATION STATUS OF MOTHER WITH COMPLETENESS OF
IMMUNIZATION IN CHILDREN AGED 18-24 MONTHS IN DARSONO
VILLAGE IN 2018**

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ABSTRACT

Immunization is a preventive action to control diseases, especially those ones have known as infectious diseases that can be prevented by immunization (PD3I). How well immunization coverage get done also illustrated the success of the immunization program in children which was achieved by completing immunization according to its age and schedule. Various factors can affect the completeness of immunizations, both from the child itself, parents, the surroundings and circumstances, and might as well the facilities and infrastructure. The purpose of this study was to determine the relationship between age, education level, and occupation of mothers with immunization completeness in children aged 18-24 months in Darsono Village in 2018. The research method used was analytic study and using cross sectional design. The population was mothers who have children aged 18-24 months and complied the inclusion criteria in Darsono Village which were counted to be 80 people. The research data was obtained from primary data through questionnaires and secondary data through immunization history records in the maternal and child health book (KIA). The result of this study showed immunization completeness was 56,25% completed and 43,75% uncompleted. Statistical analysis used was Chi-square test with degree of significance $p < 0,05$ with each variable showed $p = 0.716$, $p = 0.707$, $p = 0.595$ ($p < 0,05$) respectively. It can be concluded that there was no significant relationship between age, education level, and occupation of mothers with completeness immunization for children aged 18-24 months in Darsono Village in 2018.

Keywords: Age, Education Level, Occupation, Mother, Completeness of Child Immunization