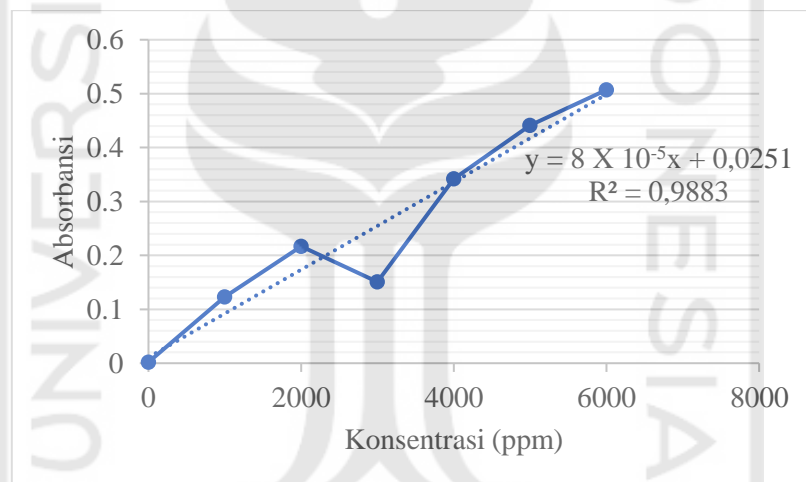


Lampiran 5. Perhitungan Kadar Karbohidrat

➤ Hasil Pengukuran Absorbansi Standar Glukosa

Konsentrasi (ppm)	Absorbansi
0	0,002
1000	0,123
2000	0,217
3000	0,251
4000	0,342
5000	0,441
6000	0,507

➤ Kurva Standar Glukosa



➤ Pembuatan Larutan Standar

1. Pembuatan Larutan Standar 6000 ppm

$$\frac{6000 \text{ mg}}{1000 \text{ mL}} = \frac{x}{100 \text{ mL}}$$

$$X = \frac{6000 \text{ mg} \times 100 \text{ mL}}{1000 \text{ mL}}$$

$$X = 60 \text{ mg}$$

2. Larutan Induk Glukosa 5000 ppm

$$\frac{5000 \text{ mg}}{1000 \text{ mL}} = \frac{x}{100 \text{ mL}}$$

$$X = \frac{5000 \text{ mg} \times 100 \text{ mL}}{1000 \text{ mL}}$$

$$X = 50 \text{ mg}$$

3. Larutan Standar Glukosa 4000 ppm

$$V1 \times M1 = V2 \times M2$$

$$V1 \times 5000 \text{ ppm} = 50 \text{ mL} \times 4000 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V1 = \frac{50 \text{ mL} \times 4000 \text{ ppm}}{5000 \text{ mL}}$$

$$V1 = 40 \text{ mL}$$

4. Larutan Standar Glukosa 3000 ppm

$$V1 \times M1 = V2 \times M2$$

$$V1 \times 5000 \text{ ppm} = 50 \text{ mL} \times 3000 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V1 = \frac{50 \text{ mL} \times 3000 \text{ ppm}}{5000 \text{ mL}}$$

$$V1 = 30 \text{ mL}$$

5. Larutan Standar Glukosa 2000 ppm

$$V1 \times M1 = V2 \times M2$$

$$V1 \times 5000 \text{ ppm} = 50 \text{ mL} \times 2000 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V1 = \frac{50 \text{ mL} \times 2000 \text{ ppm}}{5000 \text{ mL}}$$

$$V1 = 20 \text{ mL}$$

6. Larutan Standar Glukosa 1000 ppm

$$V1 \times M1 = V2 \times M2$$

$$V1 \times 5000 \text{ ppm} = 50 \text{ mL} \times 1000 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V1 = \frac{50 \text{ mL} \times 1000 \text{ ppm}}{5000 \text{ mL}}$$

$$V1 = 10 \text{ mL}$$

➤ Hasil Data Perhitungan Konsentrasi Karbohidrat

Sampel	Absorbansi	Intercept	Slope	Rata-Rata
TP 1	0,476	0,0251	8×10^{-5}	5636,25
TP2	0,476	0,0251	8×10^{-5}	
24 Jam 1	0,363	0,0251	8×10^{-5}	4211,25
24 Jam 2	0,361	0,0251	8×10^{-5}	
36 Jam 1	0,336	0,0251	8×10^{-5}	3892,50
36 Jam 2	0,337	0,0251	8×10^{-5}	
48 Jam 1	0,321	0,0251	8×10^{-5}	3705,00
48 Jam 2	0,322	0,0251	8×10^{-5}	

a. Tanpa Perlakuan

$$Y = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$0,476 = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$x = \frac{0,476 - 0,0251}{8 \times 10^{-5}}$$

$$x = 5636,25$$

$$Y = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$0,476 = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$x = \frac{0,476 - 0,0251}{8 \times 10^{-5}}$$

$$x = 5636,25$$

$$\text{Rata-rata} = \frac{5636,25 + 5636,25}{2}$$

$$= 5636,25$$

$$\text{Konsentrasi} = \text{Rata-rata} \times Fp$$

$$= 5636,25 \times 100$$

$$= 563625 \text{ ppm}$$

$$\% \text{ Karbohidrat} = \frac{563625}{10.000}$$

$$= 56,36\%$$

b. Fermentasi 24 Jam

$$Y = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$0,363 = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$x = \frac{0,363 - 0,0251}{8 \times 10^{-5}}$$

$$x = 4223,75$$

$$Y = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$0,361 = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$x = \frac{0,361 - 0,0251}{8 \times 10^{-5}}$$

$$x = 4198,75$$

$$\text{Rata-rata} = \frac{4223,75 + 4198,75}{2}$$

$$= 4211,25$$

$$\text{Konsentrasi} = \text{Rata-rata} \times Fp$$

$$= 4211,25 \times 100$$

$$= 421125 \text{ ppm}$$

$$\% \text{ Karbohidrat} = \frac{421125}{10.000}$$

$$= 42,11\%$$

c. Fermentasi 36 Jam

$$Y = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$0,336 = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$x = \frac{0,336 - 0,0251}{8 \times 10^{-5}}$$

$$x = 3886,25$$

$$Y = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$0,337 = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$x = \frac{0,337 - 0,0251}{8 \times 10^{-5}}$$

$$x = 3898,75$$

$$\text{Rata-rata} = \frac{3886,25 + 3898,75}{2}$$

$$= 3892,5$$

$$\text{Konsentrasi} = \text{Rata-rata} \times Fp$$

$$= 3892,5 \times 100$$

$$= 389250 \text{ ppm}$$

$$\% \text{ Karbohidrat} = \frac{389250}{10.000}$$

$$= 38,92\%$$

d. Fermentasi 48 Jam

$$Y = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$0,321 = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$x = \frac{0,321 - 0,0251}{8 \times 10^{-5}}$$

$$x = 3698,75$$

$$Y = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$0,322 = 8 \times 10^{-5} x + 0,0251$$

$$x = \frac{0,322 - 0,0251}{8 \times 10^{-5}}$$

$$x = 3711,25$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rata - rata} &= \frac{3698,75 + 3711,25}{2} \\ &= 3705 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Konsentrasi} &= \text{Rata-rata} \times Fp \\ &= 3705 \times 100 \\ &= 375000 \text{ ppm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Karbohidrat} &= \frac{389250}{10.000} \\ &= 37,50\% \end{aligned}$$

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Hasil Perhitungan Kadar Karbohidrat

Sampel	Kadar Karbohidrat (%)
Tanpa Perlakuan (0) Jam	56,36
24 Jam	42,11
36 Jam	38,92
48 Jam	37,50

