

# **Document Analysis with Coding**

# Lesson Plan of Microteaching Subject

Lesson Plan	Meeting	Parts of Lesson Plan	Coding	
		<ul><li>Learning Outcomes</li><li>Understand about the topic</li><li>Use present tense</li></ul>		
		<ul> <li>The students are be able to understand the topic from teacher's explanation.</li> <li>The students are be able to fill the gap based on the video that showed.</li> <li>The students are be able to make a short announcement.</li> <li>The students are be able to know and use present tense.</li> </ul>		
1	1	<ul> <li>Preparations</li> <li>The teacher provides media to support learning activities</li> <li>The teacher introduces about materials that will be learned.</li> </ul>		
		Context Classroom		
		<ul> <li>Specific Objectives</li> <li>By the end of the lesson, students be able to:</li> <li>Understand about the topic and make a short announcement</li> <li>Use present tense</li> </ul>		
		Macroskill(s) focus: Speaking and Writing Content knowledge: Announcement		

Sociocultural understanding: Knowing how to make an announcement Learning skills:

- Developing students self-confidence to use English language
- Using target language to achieve communicative purpose

#### **ASSESSMENT**

- Explaining main idea from announcement
- Fill the gap based on the video that have showed
- Make short announcement

#### **Teacher Activity**

#### 1. Pre-stage

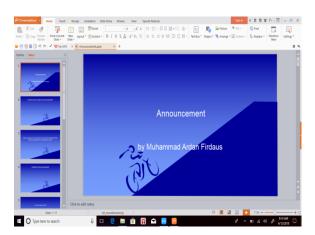
Step 1:

- The teacher applies whispered game
- Teacher introduces the topic of the day

### <u>Courseware Material/ Teachher's</u> Material

The teacher shows the definition and the structures of announcement through PPT

DLP/1/M.1-P.1/TPACK.TK DLP/1/M.1-P.1/TPACK.PK



#### 2. While-stage

Step 1:

- The teacher shows the examples of announcement

DLP/1/M.1-P.1/MTE.TC

- The teacher divides the students into groups
- The teacher gives papers to each groups to doing their assignment .

#### Step 2:

- The teacher shows the example of announcement
- The teacher asks the students to do their assignment (fill the gap) based on the video that have showed before
- The teacher asks the students to make a short announcement

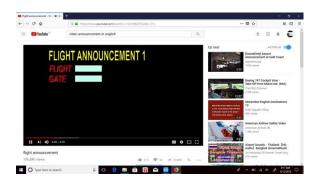
#### DLP/1/M.1-

P.1/TPACK.PK DLP/1/M.1-

P.1/MTE.TC

DLP/1/M.1-P.1/TPACK.CK DLP/1/M.1-P.1/MTE.TC

## <u>Courseware Material/ Teachher's</u> <u>Material</u>



#### 3. Post-stage

### Step 1

- The teacher gives an instruction to the students to come in front of class to introduce themselves .
- The teacher gives an instruction to the students' to summarize all the activity.

#### **MATERIALS**

- 1. Textbook
- 2. Whiteboard

### Learning Objective

At the end of the class all students can/will be able to:

- Guess the title of poem "Love is a broken car"
- Identify vocabularies meaning of poem "Love is a broken car"
- Interpret the meaning of poem "Love is a broken car"
- Develop a picture into a poem
- Read their own poem

#### Language Skills:

Reading, writing, speaking Types of Activities (Procedures) PRESENTATION/INTRODUCTION/WA RM UP

- 1. Open the class by greetings.
  - 2. Teacher applies guessing pictures.
  - 3. Teacher introduces material of the day

     learning poem. (PPT)

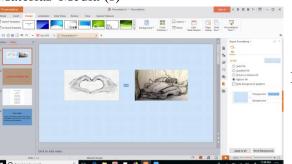
    For example: The teacher telling the definition of the poem.
  - 4. Teacher will give picture to students (love symbol and broken car picture) and then the teacher ask to the student to guess about the title of the poem that will be discussed in that day.

DLP/2/M.2-P.2/TPACK.TK

DLP/2/M.2-P.2/TPACK.PK

DLP/2/M.2-P.2/MTE.TC

Material/ Media (s)

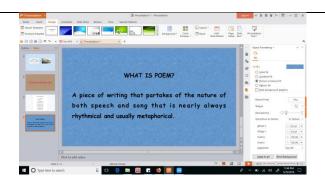


DLP/2/M.2/TPA K.BF

DLP/2/M.2/MTE. RT

2

2



#### **PRACTICE**

**Step 1**: Teacher shows the poem of "love is broken car" (after the student guess the title) and then the teacher asks the some students to read that poem and ask all the students to guess the meaning of vocabularies which contain in the poem.

**Step 2**: After the students know about the vocabularies, so the teacher asks to the students to interpret the meaning of the poem.

DLP/2/M.2-P.1/TPACK.TK

DLP/2/M.2-P.1/MTE.TC

DLP/2/M.2-P.1/TPACK.CK

DLP/2/M.2-P.1/MTE.TC

### Material/ Media (s)



#### **PRODUCTION**

**Step 1**: The teacher showing a picture (little boy) then the students must makes poem related to the picture that has been given by the teacher.

**Step 2:** The teacher ask some of the students to read their own poem in front of

DLP/2/M.2-P.1/TPACK.BF

1.17 11 11 (11.15)

DLP/2/M.2-P.1/TPACK.TK

DLP/2/M.2-P.1/MTE.TC

the class

DLP/2/M.2-P.1/TPACK.CK

Material/ Media (s)



DLP/2/M.2-P.1/MTE.TC

#### A. Competency Standard

Expressing the meaning in written text functional and simple short essay in descriptive form, and recount for interact surroundings environment.

#### **B.** Basic Competence

Expressing the meaning in simple short written text functional by using various written language accurately, fluently and thankful for interact in surrounding environment.

#### C. Indicator

Use and practice speech acts to express opinions, respond to and practice speech acts for opinion and identify various expressions to express/ask for opinions.

### **Learning Materials: Asking and Giving Opinion**

#### **Asking and Giving Opinion**

Asking and Giving Opinion is expression in English that is used to ask and give opinions about a thing.

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1

# Expression Of Asking and Giving Opinion

# **Expressing Asking Opinion** Formal

- Do you have any idea?
- Do you have any opinion on ...?
- Have you got any comments on ...?
- What is your opinion about ...?
- What are you feeling about ...?

#### **Informal**

- What do you think of ...?
- What do you think about ...?
- What is your idea/opinion?
- How do you like?
- How do you think of (Rani) idea?

# **Expressing Giving Opinion** Formal

- I personally believe ...
- I personally consider ...
- I personally think/feel ...
- I hold the opinion ...
- Well, personally ...

#### **Informal**

- I think it's good/nice ...
- I think that ...
- I think I like it
- In my opinion ...
- In my case ...
- In my mind
- I believe ...
- If you ask me, I feel ...

#### **Activity 1**

Watch the video about asking and giving opinion and mention how many asking opinion on the video!

DLP/3/M.1-P.2/TPACK.TK

DLP/3/M.1-P.2/TPACK.PK https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aFAtPYp\_wRg

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qsIK5nH3bSA

 $\underline{\text{https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1eq3\_m\_b}}\\ Sfs$ 

DLP/3/M.1-P.2/MTE.TC

### **Activity 2**

Make a short dialog based on the word already provided!

DLP/3/M.1-P.2/TPACK.CK

DLP/3/M.1-P.2/MTE.TC

### **Type Of Word**

- Cat
- Rabbit
- Bag
- Dress
- Phone
- Hijab
- KPOP
- Justin Bieber
- Ariana Grande
- Yogyakarta

#### **Activity 3**

Practice the dialog that has been created with your friends in front of the class!

DLP/3/M.1-P.2/MTE.TC

# **Expressing Asking Opinion**

#### **Formal**

- Do you have any idea?
- Do you have any opinion on ...?
- Have you got any comments on ...?
- What is your opinion about ...?
- What are you feeling about ...?

#### **Informal**

- What do you think of ...?
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- How do you think of (Rani) idea?

### **Expressing Giving Opinion**

#### **Formal**

- I personally believe ...
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#### **Informal**

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- I think I like it
- In my opinion ...
- In my case ...
- In my mind
- I believe ...
- If you ask me, I feel ...

#### **Responding Opinion**

- I think so
- That's right
- It's true
- I don't think so
- If I may say so ....
- I disagree
- I can't say that
- I agree
- Mmmm, maybe, but ...
- That's a good idea

### A. Competency Standard

The students are able to understand the meaning of the text if the functional text in form of descriptive text is to give the information and communicate of teaching-learning process.

#### **B.** Basic Competence

3.7. Students are able to analyze social

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2

functions, text structures, and linguistic elements in simple descriptive texts about famous people, sights and historical buildings, in the context of their use.

- 4.9. Students are able to edit oral and written descriptive texts, simple, about people, places of interest, and famous historical buildings, with due regard to social functions, text structure, and linguistic elements that are true and contextual.
- 4.10. Students are able to develop simple descriptive oral and written texts about people, places of interest, and famous historical buildings, taking into account the objectives, structure of the text, and linguistic elements, correctly and in context.

#### A. Indicator

- a. Students are able to identify generic structure and language features of descriptive text.
- b. Students are able to make a draft of descriptive text writing about classmates.
- Students are able to write a subject introduction that contains an introduction about someone to be described.

#### **Learning Materials:**

#### **Descriptive text**

Descriptive text is a text that describes a particular person, place or thing. Its purpose is to describe and reveal a particular person, place, or thing.

The Generic Structure of Descriptive Text

Descriptive text has structure as below:

- a. Identification is an introduction, a general description of a topic.
- b. Description is to contain the special characteristics possessed by the object, place, or person described.

#### **Descriptive Text Characteristics**

- a. Using simple present tense.
- b. Use Noun
- c. Use kinds of adjective
- **d.** Using verb attribute, like be (am, is, are).
- **e.** Just focus on one such object.
- f. Provides a detailed explanation such as shape, colour, texture, character, properties, and so on the material object being discussed.

# What is the difference between report text and descriptive text?

The difference is the recount text explains something in general, while the descriptive text describes something specific.

DLP/4/M.2-
P.2/TPACK.TK

#### **Activity 1**

Students are asked to read examples of descriptive text about people!

DLP/4/M.2-P.2/MTE.RT

DLP/4/M.2-P.2/TPACK.PK

#### **Activity 2**

Students are required to compile a descriptive text with the images available!

DLP/4/M.2-P.2/MTE.TC

DLP/4/M.2-

P.2/MTE.TC

**Activity 3** 

Students are required to create descriptive text based on the picture!

DLP/4/M.2-

P.2/TPACK.CK

DLP/4/M.2-P.2/MTE.TC

DLP/4/M.2/TPA CK.BF

DLP/4/M.2/MTE. RT

Code Notes The students were asked to: DTM/1/M.1-P.1/TPACK.TK Watch the video and fill the gap DTM/1/M.1-P.1/MTE.TC DTM/1/M.1-P.1/TPACK.CK Please make short announcement DTM/1/M.1-P.1/MTE.TC with your group The students were asked to: DTM/2/M.2-P.1/TPACK.CK Guess the meaning of the poem! DTM/2/M.2-P.1/MTE.TC DTM/2/M.2-P.1/TPACK.BF DTM/2/M.2-P.1/MTE.RT Make a poem related to the picture of DTM/2/M.2-P.1/TPACK.PK "LITTLE BOY"! DTM/2/M.2-P.1/MTE.TC DTM/2/M.2-P.1/TPACK.BF Read the poem in front of the class! DTM/2/M.2-P.1/MTE.TC The students were asked to: DTM/3/M.1-P.2/TPACK.TK Watch the video about asking and DTM/3/M.1-P.2/MTE.TC giving opinion and mention how DTM/3/M.2-P.2/TPACK.BF many asking opinion on the video!

DTM/3/M.1-P.2/TPACK.CK DTM/3/M.1-P.2/MTE.TC  Make a short dialogue based on the word already provided!

DTM/3/M.1-P.2/MTE.TC

 Practice the dialogue that has been created with your friends in front of the class!

DTM/4/M.2-P.2/TPACK.CK DTM/4/M.2-P.2/MTE.TC DTM/4/M.2-P.2/TPACK.BF DTM/4/M.2-P.2/MTE.RT The students were asked to:

- Create a descriptive text!

#### A. Power Point Presentation Slides























### B. Worksheet 1

Watch the video and fill the gap

1. Flight =

Gate =

2. Flight =

Gate =

3. Flight = Gate =

4. Flight = Gate =

5. Flight = Gate =

6. Flight = Gate =

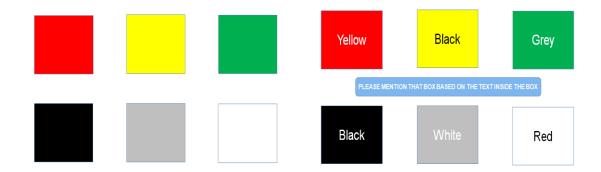
7. Flight = Gate =

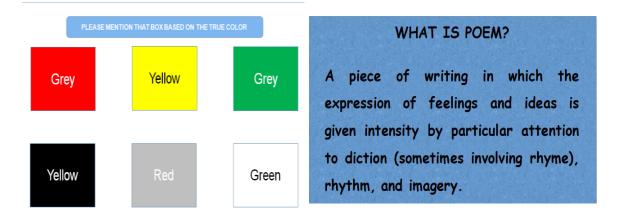
8. Flight = Gate =

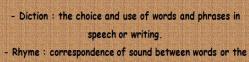
#### C. Worksheet 2

Please make short announcement with your group

#### **D.** Power Point Presentation Slides

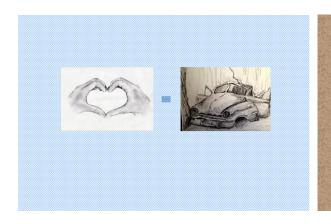






- Rhyme : correspondence of sound between words or the endings of words.
  - Rhythm : beat metter
- Imagery: visually descriptive or figurative language

- 1. Poem is to be read for its "message,"
- 2. Poem is to be read for its "message,"
- The message is to be found by treating the words as symbols which naturally do not mean what they say but stand for something else,



Love is A Broken Car

#### Love is a broken car



Love is a game Hurting you inside Love is a flame Burning down your life

Love comes and stays To make you silly When it goes away Your heart is messy

Love may be pretty Looking from afar But can be nasty Like a broken car

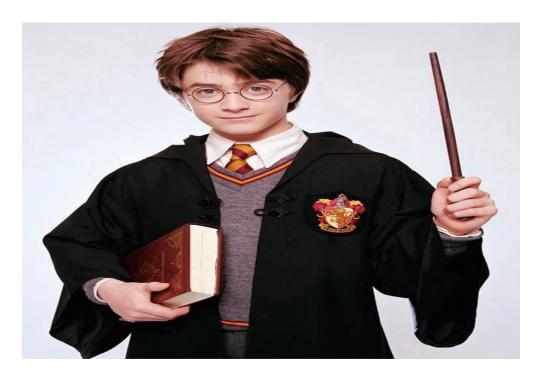


# E. Video



# F. Games pictures

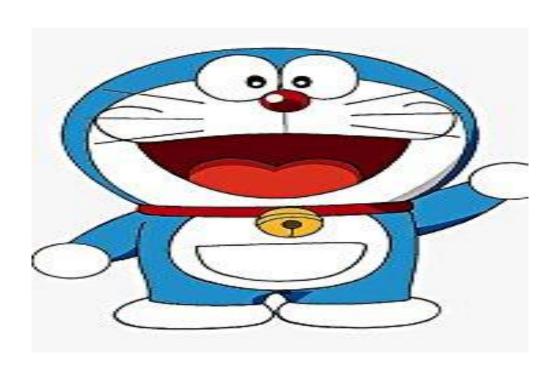
# Who Am I?



# Who Am I?



Who Am I?



## Who Am I?

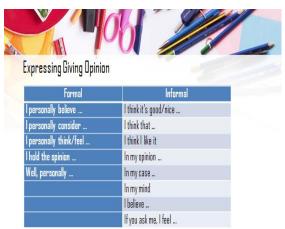


#### **G.** Power Point Presentation Slides













Watch the video about asking and giving opinion and mention how many asking opinion on the video!





Practice the dialog that has been created with your friends in front of the class!





#### H. Worksheet

#### Descriptive Text

Panda is a bear native to south central China. It is easily recognized by the large, distinctive black patches around its eyes, over the ears, and across its round body. Though it belongs to the order Carnivora, Panda's diet is over 99% bamboo.

Panda has luxuriant black-and-white fur. Adults measure around 1.2 to 1.9 m long, including a tail of about 10–15 cm, and 60 to 90 cm tall at the shoulder. Males can weigh up to 160 kg, and Females (generally 10–20% smaller than males) can weigh as little as 70 kg, but can also weigh up to 125 kg. Average adult weight is 100 to 115 kg.

Panda has a body shape typical of bears. It has black fur on its ears, eye patches, muzzle, legs, arms and shoulders. The rest of the animal's coat is white. Although scientists do not know why these unusual bears are black and white, speculation suggests that the bold colouring provides effective camouflage in their shadedappled snowy and rocky habitat. Panda's thick, wooly coat keeps it warm in the cool forests of its habitat.

Wakatobi is the name of an archipelago and regency in Sulawesi Tenggara, Indonesia. The name of Wakatobi is derived from the names of the main islands in the archipelago: Wangiwangi, Kaledupa, Tomea, and Binangko. Do you know what? It is the best diving sites ever. There are many reasons why I call Wakatobi as the best diving sites ever.

First, the reefs in Wakatobi diving are unlike others in the region because of the dry climate and uplifted limestone. This means Wakatobi is an exceptionally clean environment due to the lack of soil erosion. Second, being a national park, fishing is strictly limited and the reefs of Wakatobi are protected.

These superb reefs are supported and protected by the local fishing communities who obtain a fair share of the income generated by Wakatobi dive tourism in exchange for adopting more sustainable practices, such as leaving large stretches of reef completely untouched.

Third, Wakatobi is located at the world's coral reef triangle center with its 942 fish species and 750 coral reef species from a total of 850 world's collection comparing to the two world's famous diving center of the Caribbean Sea that owes only 50 species and other 300 species in the red sea.

Gili is derived from Sasak language (Lombok Island native tribal language) which means small island. Actually there are several Gili / dykes around the island of Lombok, yet there are three dykes that are known by tourists, namely Gili Trawangan, Gili Air and Gili Meno.

Among the three dykes, the Gili Trawangan is the largest, well-known and the most complete amenities. Gili Trawangan is located in the northwest of the island of Lombok. Administratively, Gili Trawangan includes in the territory of the village of Gili Indah, West Lombok, West Nusa Tenggara province.

Gili Trawangan has several beaches with very beautiful views. Most beaches have blue tosca and clear sea water. The sand there is also soft with white color. On the west side of the island, you can get the beach atmosphere which is quiet and calm enough.

But there, the sand is slightly coarser than the sand of the beach which is in the southeast of the island. Even though, this island looks pretty green with many pine trees, acacia, and coconut trees that beautify the shoreline.

Muhammad Tulus Rusydi was born in Bukit Tinggi, Sumatra Barat, August 20th, 1987. He is 27 years old. He is a singer and song writer from Indonesia. Besides, he is also an architect who graduated from Parahyangan Catholic University, Bandung.

He started his career by singing at several jazz music community and campus events in Bandung. During his study at university, Tulus had ever joined in Sikuai Band.

His first album was handled by a producer named Ari Renaldi. It was distributed by Demajors and released by his own recording company, Tulus Record, in September 2011.

His songs, Sewindu, Teman Hidup, Kisah Sebentar, Tuan Nona Kesepian, dan Jatuh Cinta, became on the top of chart in all radios throughout Indonesia.

Rolling Stone Indonesia magazine honoured Tulus as Editor's Choice: Rookie of the Year in 2013. His first album had also been in the first rank of Rolling Stone chart in January and February, 2012.

Prambanan Temple or also known as Lara Jonggrang Temple is the largest Hindu temple complex in Indonesia. It is precisely located in about 17 km northeast of Yogyakarta city, Central Java.

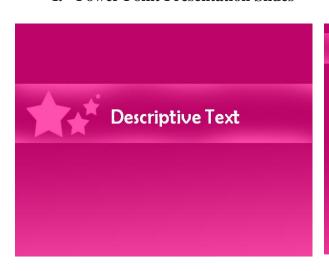
It was built in 9th century during the reign of Sanjaya dynasty and dedicated to the three main Hindu Gods or Trimurti; Brahma, Vishnu, and Shiva. Its greatness and magnificence attracts many visitors from around the globe every year.

Prambanan Temple was built on a four-square plane. Each plane is separated by four walls with four large gates on the middle as the entrance. The whole temple complex is divided into three major zones; the outer, middle, and inner zone.

The outer zone is an open space and the bottommost terrace of the temple. The second area is the middle zone where hundreds of small temples were standing. The last area is the inner zone.

It is the holiest and highest terrace of the temple. There are three major temples of Shiva, Vishnu, and Brahma that are standing on the inner zone, together with three small temple of their animal vehicle.

#### I. Power Point Presentation Slides



- Descriptive text is a text that describes a particular person, place or thing.
- Its purpose is to describe and reveal a particular person, place, or thing.
- The Generic Structure of Descriptive Text
   Descriptive text has structure as below:
  - Identification is an introduction, a general description of a topic.
  - Description is to contain the special characteristics possessed by the object, place, or person described.

#### · Descriptive Text Characteristics

- Using simple present tense.
- Use Noun
- Use kinds of adjective
- Using verb attribute, like be (am, is, are).
- Just focus on one such object.
- Provides a detailed explanation such as shape, colour, texture, character, properties, and so on the material object being discussed.



His name is Cristiano Ronaldo. We can call him as Ronaldo. But. Madridista (Real Madrid's fans) often calls him CR7. CR is the abbreviation of Cristiano Ronaldo, and 7 is his shirt number when playing for both Manchester United and Real Madrid. Ronaldo was born in Funchal. Madeira. Portugal on 5 February 1985. His father's name is Jose Qinis. Aveiro. His mother's name is rother and I wis sisters. Firms and I lilana Catio.

Cristiano Ronaldo is a famous footballer. He is from Portugal, a country in Europe. Before playing for Real Madrid, he has played for Sporting Lisbon and Manchester United. People knows Cristiano Ronaldo is a good football player. He can run fast and dribble well. As a striker, he becomes a goal getter for Manchester United and Real Madrid along his career. He can get more than 30 goals every season.



Thankyou

## J. Pictures

Panda



Wakatobi Island



# Gili Trawangan



Prambanan Temple

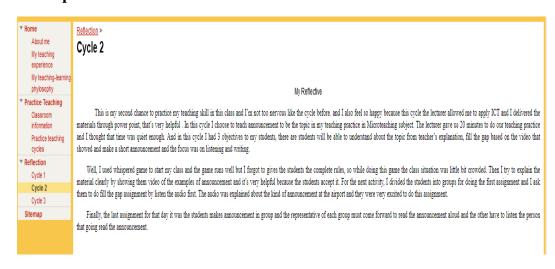


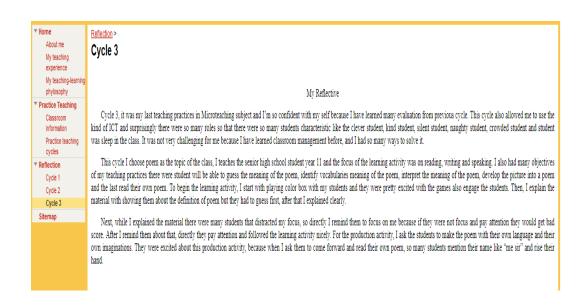
# **Famous Singer**



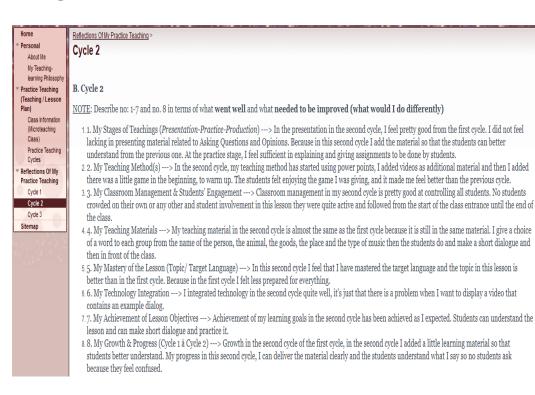
#### I. EFL pre-service teacher's Self Reflection on Teaching Practice

#### Participant A





#### Participant B





# II. The EFL Pre-service Teachers' Grades in Microteaching Class

## Class D

No	I '	practice 1	practice 2	practice 3	Gsites	TOTAL	GRADE
1		75	75	80	80	77.5	A/B
2		75	85	80	65	77.5	A/B
3		80	90	90	85	87	Α
4		70	80	70	75	74	B+
5		70	75	85	75	77	A/B
6		80	75	85	80	80	A-
7		80	90	85	70	82.5	A-
8		80	80	75	80	78.5	A/B
9		85	85	85	80	84	Α-
10		0	85	85	65	64	B-
11		80	85	85	85	84	Α-
12		75	75	85	75	78	A/B
13		70	80	80	85	79	A/B
14		70	85	85	80	81	A-
15		85	85	90	85	86.5	Α
16		75	85	90	80	83.5	A-
17		70	75	80	70	74.5	B+
18		85	85	80	80	82.5	A-
19		75	85	85	75	81	Α-
20		80	80	85	60	77.5	A/B
21		75	85	90	80	83.5	Α-

# Participant A

Teaching Practice			Total
1	2	3	
75	85	90	A-

# Participant B

	Total		
1	2	3	
75,4	80	77	A/B