

ABSTRAK

Ruang Terbuka Hijau (RTH) Publik Kota Yogyakarta meliputi; sepadan sungai, sepadan rel kereta api, sepadan jalan, median jalan, taman, pemakaman, lapangan olahraga, hutan kota. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian, diketahui bahwa keberadaan Ruang Terbuka Hijau (RTH) Publik Kota Yogyakarta pada saat ini memiliki luas 11,13% dari luas Kota Yogyakarta. Tentunya hal tersebut masih kurang dari presentase yang telah ditetapkan Undang-Undang No 26 tahun 2007 tentang Penataan Ruang dimana RTH publik harus memiliki luas minimal 20% dari luas kota sehingga perlunya strategi pengembangan RTH Publik guna dapat memenuhi standar ketentuan yang berlaku. Dalam melakukan pengembangan RTH, peneliti melakukan strategi pengembangan secara ekstensifikasi, intensifikasi dan mitigasi. Pada pola pengembangan secara ekstensifikasi didapat luas 7168779,79 m² yang akan dilakukan arah pengembangan RTH Publik jenis taman RT, taman RW, taman pasif, hutan kota. Strategi pengembangan intensifikasi di dapat luas 2007248,31 m² yang akan dilakukan pengembangan RTH Publik jenis roof garden, taman kota. Sedangkan strategi pengembangan mitigasi didapatkan luas 3414486,06 m² yang akan dilakukan jenis pengembangan RTH berupa sepadan sungai, sepadan jalan, median jalan, dan sepadan rel kereta api.

Kata Kunci : Ruang Terbuka Hijau Publik, Luas RTH Publik Eksisting, ekstensifikasi, intensifikasi, mitigasi

ABSTRACT

Public Green Open Space of Yogyakarta are consist of; river bank, border road, borders railway, road median, park, cemetery, field, and city forest. Based on the result of the research, it can be conclude that the existence of Public Green Open Space of Yogyakarta, are now 11,13% from the total area of Yogyakarta. It is lacking from the percentage that has been decided by act No.26 year 2007 about layout, where Public Green Open Space must have broad minimum 20 % of the city. So, it needs a strategy to develop Public Green Open Space to meet the standard of regulation. In developing Public Green Open Space, this research is attempts to conduct some development strategys, by extension, intensification and mitigation. In extension development strategy's, it obtained about 7168779,79 m², that will be developed to be an Green Open Space with varieties of neighbourhood garden, hamlet garden, passive garden, and city forest. In intensification development strategy, it obtained about 2007248,31 m², that will be developed to be an Green Open Space with varieties of roof garden and city garden. Meanwhile, in mitigation stratefy, It obtained about 3414486,06 m², which will be developed to be an Green Open Space with varieties of river bank, borders road, borders railway.

Keywords: *Public green open space, public green space of the existing comprehensive, extensification, intensification, mitigation*